COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared by: Anderson County Auditor's Office

Karin Smith, County Auditor

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Karin Smith County Auditor



ANDERSON COUNTY AUDITOR 703 N. Mallard St. Suite 110 Palestine, TX 75801 Phone: (903) 723-7401 Fax: (903) 723-7808

June 28, 2018

The Honorable Board of District Judges, The Anderson County Commissioners' Court and Citizens of Anderson County

In compliance with *Texas Local Government Code*, *§114.025*, the financial statements of Anderson County, Texas (the "County") are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirement, we hereby submit the comprehensive annual financial report of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Therefore, management of the County assumes the responsibility for accuracy, completeness, fairness and reliability of the financial data presented in this report, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the county's organizational chart and a list of officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found in the financial section following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section of this report also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF ANDERSON COUNTY

Anderson County is located in East Texas between the Trinity and the Neches rivers. Palestine, the county's largest town and its county seat, is 108 miles southeast of Dallas and 153 miles north of Houston. U.S. highways 287, 79, and 84 provide the major transportation routes through the county. The County is the 52nd largest of the 254 counties in Texas; with a 2010 census population of 58,458. Significant cities in The County include Palestine, the county seat, Elkhart, and Frankston. The County falls within the 11th Texas congressional districts and the 3rd Texas senatorial district. The county consists of 1,077 square miles with a 2000 population density 51.2 residents per square mile.

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to

actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of the County is enhanced when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy - The County maintains a relatively stable local economy. The County has a somewhat limited tax base and economic employment base with the top ten taxpayers in the County accounting for approximately 16% of the County's tax base.

Primary employers in the County include the Texas Department of Corrections facility (2645 employees), a Wal-Mart Stores Inc. distributing center (1815), Sanderson Farms (1075) and Palestine Regional Medical Center (560). For April 2018, the County's unemployment rate of 3.0% was lower than the state's rate of 3.8% and below the national average of 3.7%.

The County's tax base increased in 2017 due to an increase in real property and in mineral valuations. The Commissioners' Court is continuing to take a conservative approach to the allocation of resources in order to ensure that the County is prepared for economic fluctuations.

Relevant Financial Policies – The County adopts a one-year budget as part of its financial planning process. The budgets along with the financial policies of the County serve as the basis for the overall fiscal management of the county's resources. The budget implements strategies, both financial and operational, identified through the strategic and long-range planning process to meet existing challenges and to effectively plan for future needs. Goals and objectives are incorporated into policy statements which are continually reevaluated to provide the necessary structure for achieving these goals.

Long-term Financial Planning – Long term financial planning goals include the following:

- Operate the County government in the most fiscally responsible manner possible.
- Control expenditures by implementing cost savings measures at any opportunity.
- Promote a favorable environment for retaining and expanding existing businesses while attracting a wide variety of new businesses to provide economic growth and development which will provide sufficient resources to fund County operations while mitigating the overall tax burden on County taxpayers.
- Implement technological solutions to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of operations, reporting and delivering services to citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Anderson County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This was the sixth consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The successful completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office and the professional services provided by our independent auditors, Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. I wish to express my gratitude to the District Judges, the Commissioners Court, and the other County officials and departments for their support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

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Karin Smith Anderson County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Anderson County Texas

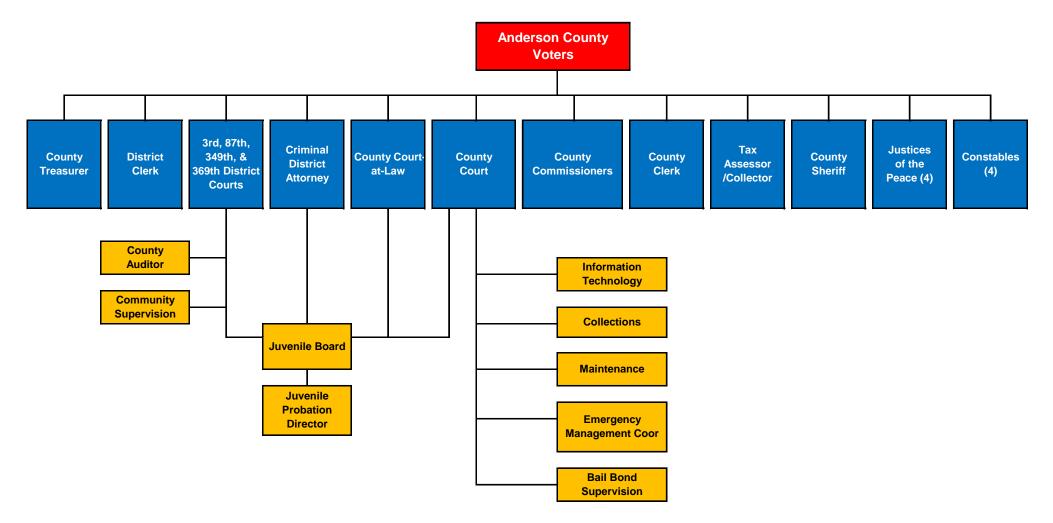
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

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Executive Director/CEO

ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Commissioners Court

Robert D. Johnston
Greg Chapin
Rashad Q. Mims I
Kenneth Dickson
Joseph A. Hill

Judicial

Mark Calhoon
Deborah Oakes Evans
Pam Foster Fletcher
Michael Davis
Jeff Doran

Law Enforcement

Greg Taylor Allyson Mitchell Emily Lane *

Financial Administration

Karin Smith* Tara Holliday Teri Garvey

Recording Officials

Janice G. Staples Mark Staples County Judge Commissioner, Precinct 1 Commissioner, Precinct 2 Commissioner, Precinct 3 Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judge, 3rd District Court Judge, 87th District Court Judge, 349th District Court Judge, 369th District Court Judge, County Court of Law

County Sheriff Criminal District Attorney Chief Juvenile Probation Director

County Auditor County Treasurer County Tax Assessor/Collector

District Clerk County Clerk

*Denotes appointed officials. All others listed are elected.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Anderson County, Texas

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Texas County and District Retirement System, the Schedule of Employer Contributions -Texas County and District Retirement System, the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan for the Employees of Anderson County, Texas, and the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual for the General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Anderson County (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the County at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$34,190,675. Of this amount, \$5,482,717 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position decreased by \$964,262 from operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,554,989, an increase of \$1,842,458 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,572,703, or 37% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the net difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, public safety, social services, and roads and bridges.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 16 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, or the Capital Projects Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses its Internal Service Fund to account for its health insurance. This internal service function has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Additionally, a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in the form of combining fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, net position was \$34,190,675 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, is 77% of net position. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Anderson County's Net Position

		Governmental Activities		
		2017	2016	
Current and other assets	\$	21,746,882	\$ 18,912,727	
Capital assets	_	36,085,869	32,634,345	
Total assets	_	57,832,751	51,547,072	
Deferred outflows of resources	_	3,517,226	4,221,060	
Long-term liabilities		20,155,271	13,841,873	
Other liabilities	_	1,605,654	1,406,398	
Total liabilities	_	21,760,925	15,248,271	
Deferred inflows of resources	_	5,398,377	5,364,924	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		26,446,299	25,723,477	
Restricted		2,261,659	2,082,120	
Unrestricted	_	5,482,717	7,349,340	
Total net position	\$	34,190,675	\$35,154,937	

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$2,261,659 (7%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$5,482,717 (16%), may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$964,262.

Anderson County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2017	2016	
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,472,067	\$ 3,373,531	
Operating grants and contributions	1,369,903	1,048,110	
Capital grants and contributions	696,405	69,452	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	14,397,389	14,050,696	
Sales taxes	2,570,394	2,523,703	
Other taxes	58,424	32,139	
Investment earnings	97,512	53,988	
Gain on sale of capital assets	24,970	122,775	
Miscellaneous	182,110	372,063	
Total revenues	22,869,174	21,646,457	
EXPENSES			
General government	5,723,584	5,712,667	
Judicial	3,375,269	3,179,694	
Public safety	6,951,529	6,745,390	
Social services	1,023,061	769,599	
Roads and bridges	6,289,680	4,470,077	
Interest on long-term debt	470,313	180,187	
Total expenses	23,833,436	21,057,614	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(964,262)	588,843	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	35,154,937	34,566,094	
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$34,190,675	\$ 35,154,937	

Sales tax increased by \$46,691 due to economic growth. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$626,953 and operating grants and contributions increased by \$321,793 as a result of changes in funding activities from granting agencies. Road and Bridge expenditures increased by \$1,819,603 due to the passage of a road bond. Investment earnings rose due to increasing interest rates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,572,703. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 37% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$707,340 during the current fiscal year. Property tax collections increased by \$260,269 and sales tax collections increased by \$46,691. The increase in the property tax collections can be attributed to an increase in the tax rate. Expenditures for the General Fund for 2017 decreased by \$92,350 from the prior year due to Road and Bridge construction in the prior year.

Proprietary Fund. Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Fund is \$155,642. The Internal Service Fund experienced an increase in total net position during 2017 in the amount of \$281,412. Expenditures for the Internal Service Fund decreased by \$574,642. The decrease was primarily caused by a decrease in health care claims.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts in the General Fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted by \$132,977, primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue.
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$976,004, primarily due to budgetary controls and adherence to adopted budgets across all departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017, amounted to \$36,085,869 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Anderson County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
		2017		2016
Land	\$	1,810,032	\$	1,810,032
Buildings and improvements		15,846,710		16,466,165
Roads and bridges		15,730,627		11,976,098
Machinery and equipment		2,308,354		2,236,635
Construction in progress		390,146		154,415
Total	\$	36,085,869	\$	32,643,345

Major additions to the County's capital assets during 2017 include \$4,658,356 of road and bridge additions and \$796,896 of new equipment and machinery.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt of \$12,495,000.

Anderson County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

		Governmental Activities			
		2017		2016	
Bonds	\$ <u> </u>	12,495,000	\$	6,980,000	
Total	\$	12,495,000	\$	6,980,000	

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 5% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$127,624,756, which is significantly in excess of the County's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In considering the Anderson County budget for FY 2018, the Commissioners Court considered the following factors:

- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 3.0 percent, which is a decrease from the rate of 3.7 percent a year ago. Economic and job growth in the County is expected to continue due to the addition of new businesses.
- The property tax valuations increased in FY 2018 due to an increase in real property and mineral valuations. While mineral values have historically caused slight tax base fluctuations, the County's overall market value has grown steadily, increasing nearly 41% over the past decade.
- Recent and upcoming developments include a restaurant, a new multifamily housing project, and a plan to build a new power plant. The addition of new business property valuations is expected to add taxable valuation, but due to tax abatements granted by the County, the added valuation will occur over the next ten years.
- Interest rates and corresponding revenue is expected to continue to increase slowly over the next couple of year.
- Expenditures in FY 2018 were budgeted to provide zero dependence on fund balance for ongoing operations. The budget was increased in FY 2018 for court appointed attorney costs due to a major capital murder trial. Increases are also expected in health insurance and indigent health care as well as pensions and other employee benefit costs.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's office, 703 N. Mallard, Suite 110, Palestine, TX 75801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 18,272,685
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	005.000
Accounts	935,033
Property taxes	1,398,894
Other taxes	524,395
Due from other governments	258,821
Prepaid expenses	357,054
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	2 200 170
Non-depreciable	2,200,178
Depreciable	33,885,691
Total assets	57,832,751
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,201,047
Deferred loss on bond refunding	316,179
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,517,226
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	809,712
Accrued liabilities	388,534
Due to other governments	123,397
Other payables	29,785
Accrued interest payable	254,226
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,083,470
Due in more than one year	19,071,801
Total liabilities	21,760,925
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	277,157
Advance property tax collections	5,121,220
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,398,377
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	26,446,299
Restricted for:	
Roads and bridges	331,780
Judicial operations	909,668
Public safety operations	496,865
Social services operations	52,178
Debt service	471,168
Unrestricted	5,482,717
Total net position	\$34,190,675

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

					Pro	gram Revenue	es		Reven	et (Expense) ue and Changes n Net Position
						Operating		Capital		
				Charges for	(Grants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	5,723,584	\$	2,432,852	\$	117,033	\$	-	\$(3,173,699)
Judicial		3,375,269		561,034		187,549		-	(2,626,686)
Public safety		6,951,529		477,637		753,070		208,921	(5,511,901)
Social services		1,023,061		-		312,251		348,330	(362,480)
Roads and bridges		6,289,680		544		-		139,154	(6,149,982)
Interest on long-term debt	_	470,313	-						(470,313)
Total governmental activities	\$	23,833,436	\$	3,472,067	\$	1,369,903	\$	696,405	(18,295,061)
	Ge	neral revenues	:							
		Taxes:								
		Property								14,397,389
		Sales								2,570,394
		Other								58,424
		Unrestricted in	ives	tment earnings						97,512
		Gain on sale o	of cap	oital assets						24,970
		Miscellaneous	5							182,110
		Total g	gener	ral revenues						17,330,799
		C	hang	ge in net positi	on				(964,262)
	Ne	t position, beg	inniı	ıg						35,154,937
	Ne	t position, end	ing						\$	34,190,675

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General		Capital ral Projects		Other Governmental		(Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	11,375,645	\$	3,545,486	\$	3,044,958	\$	17,966,089	
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:									
Accounts		935,033		-		-		935,033	
Property taxes		1,201,356		4,592		192,946		1,398,894	
Other taxes		524,395		-		-		524,395	
Prepaid items		357,054		-		-		357,054	
Due from other governments		192,235		-		66,586		258,821	
Due from other funds		43,144		-		-		43,144	
Total assets	\$	14,628,862	\$	3,550,078	\$	3,304,490	\$	21,483,430	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	568,343	\$	67,751	\$	173,618	\$	809,712	
Accrued liabilities		370,770		_		17,764		388,534	
Due to other governments		123,397		-		-		123,397	
Due to other funds		-		43,049		-		43,049	
Other payables		11,725		-		18,060		29,785	
Total liabilities		1,074,235		110,800		209,442		1,394,477	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Advance property tax collections		4,402,903		-		718,317		5,121,220	
Unavailable revenue - grants		139,154		-		-		139,154	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,154,389		4,592		186,185		1,345,166	
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees		928,424		-		-		928,424	
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,624,870		4,592		904,502		7,533,964	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		357,054		-		-		357,054	
Restricted:									
Roads and bridges		-		-		113,635		113,635	
Judicial operations		-		-		909,668		909,668	
Public safety operations		-		-		496,865		496,865	
Social services operations		-		-		52,178		52,178	
Debt service		-		-		618,200		618,200	
Capital acquisition and construction		-		3,434,686		-		3,434,686	
Unassigned		6,572,703		-				6,572,703	
Total fund balances		6,929,757		3,434,686		2,190,546		12,554,989	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources									
and fund balances	\$	14,628,862	\$	3,550,078	\$	3,304,490	\$	21,483,430	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balances - governmental funds:			\$ 1	2,554,989
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Governmental capital assets		38,295,089		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,209,220)		
			3	86,085,869
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.				155,642
				155,042
Some of the County's revenues will be collected after year-end, but are not				
available soon enough to pay current year's expenditures and therefore are not				
reported in the governmental funds.		139,154		
Grants Property taxes		1,345,166		
Court fines		928,424		
Court miles		<u>720,121</u>		2,412,744
Certain long-term liabilities reported in governmental activities do not require current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. A summary of these items are as follows:				
Long-term liabilities:	,	12 405 000		
Bonds payable	(12,495,000)		
Premium on bonds	(822,966)		
Capital leases Net OPEB obligation	(77,061) 831,655)		
Net of Eb obligation Net pension liability	$\left(\right)$	5,569,136)		
Compensated absences	$\tilde{(}$	208,594)		
-	<u>\</u>	200,03 .)	()	20,004,412)
			(2	20,004,412)
Certain deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources are only reported in the government-wide financial statements:				
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Related to pensions		3,201,047		
Deferred loss on bond refunding		316,179		
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Related to pensions	(277,157)		
				3,240,069
Interest payable used in the County's governmental activities are not payable from				
current resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			(254 220
			(254,226)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ <u>3</u>	34,190,675

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		General		Capital Projects	Go	Other	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES				¥				
Taxes:								
Property	\$	12,547,647	\$	935	\$	1,760,852	\$	14,309,434
Sales		2,570,394		-		-		2,570,394
Mixed beverage		58,424		-		-		58,424
Intergovernmental		873,892		-		1,335,427		2,209,319
Fees of office		2,356,886		-		32,515		2,389,401
Fines and forfeitures		464,259		-		326,971		791,230
Investment earnings		69,220		24,747		3,545		97,512
Miscellaneous		56,133	_	-		92,614		148,747
Total revenues		18,996,855	_	25,682		3,551,924		22,574,461
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		4,526,965		25,736		397,708		4,950,409
Judicial		3,063,745		-		264,174		3,327,919
Public safety		5,638,302		-		971,904		6,610,206
Social services		683,729		-		344,149		1,027,878
Roads and bridges		3,228,886		-		611,775		3,840,661
Debt service:								
Principal		42,488		-		935,000		977,488
Interest and other charges		2,604		149,405		124,321		276,330
Capital outlay		720,021		6,098,596		107,109		6,925,726
Total expenditures		17,906,740	_	6,273,737		3,756,140	_	27,936,617
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,090,115	(6,248,055)	(204,216)	(5,362,156)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of bonds		-		6,450,000		-		6,450,000
Premium on issuance of debt		-		699,405		-		699,405
Sale of capital assets		125		-		-		125
Insurance recoveries		55,084		-		-		55,084
Transfers in		-		-		437,984		437,984
Transfers out	(437,984)		-		-	(437,984)
Total other financing sources and uses	(382,775)	_	7,149,405		437,984	_	7,204,614
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		707,340		901,350		233,768		1,842,458
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		6,222,417	_	2,533,336		1,956,778		10,712,531
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	6,929,757	\$	3,434,686	\$	2,190,546	\$	12,554,989

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Not shapes in fund halaness, total accommental funda			¢	1 0 1 7 1 5 0
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:			\$	1,842,458
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.				
Expenditures for capital assets	,	690,983		
Less: current year depreciation	(2,	209,220)		
				3,481,763
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(30,239)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Grants		139,154		
Property taxes		87,955		
Court fines		42,634		
				269,743
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., certificates of obligation, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.				
Repayment of long-term liabilities		977,488		
Issuance of bonds	(6,	450,000)		
Issuance of capital lease	(699,405)		
Amortization of:				
Deferred loss on bond refunding	(52,698)		
Premium on bond issuance		56,635		
			(6,167,980)
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			,	-,,,
Compensated absences		85,985		
OPEB obligation		8,555		
Net pension liability	(538,039)		
			(443,499)
Interest expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			((13,177)
			(197,920)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain				
Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.				281,412
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ <u>(</u>	964,262)
The notes to the financial statements are an				
1. to a set of the state manual 16				

integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 306,596
Total assets	306,596
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Due to other funds	95
Claims payable	150,859
Total liabilities	150,954
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	155,642
Total net position	\$155,642

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance	
OPERATING REVENUES	¢ 0.654.050	
Charges for services	\$ 2,654,350	
Total operating revenues	2,654,350	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance claims	215,441	
Insurance premiums and administrative costs	2,160,428	
Total operating expenses	2,375,869	
OPERATING INCOME	278,481	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	2,931	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,931	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	281,412	
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	(125,770)	
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$155,642	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,654,350
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,470,558)
Net cash used by operating activities	183,792
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments	2,931
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,931
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	186,723
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	119,873
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	306,596
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Operating income	278,481
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Decrease (increase) in liabilities:	(04.624)
Claims payable Due to other funds	(94,634) (55)
Due to other funds	(33)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 183,792

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS Cash and investments	\$3,483,443
Total assets	\$3,483,443
LIABILITIES Due to others	\$3,483,443
Total liabilities	\$3,483,443

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Anderson County, Texas was created in 1846 with Palestine as the County seat. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners' Court consisting of four precinct commissioners and the County Judge. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and bridges and socials services (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that is legally separate from the primary government.

The County had no component units during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the elimination of interfund services provided and used that would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds. The combined amounts of these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting their assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, grants, fines and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the resources used for the construction and acquisition of capital facilities by the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general long-term debt associated with the acquisition and/or construction of facilities and equipment for the County.

The <u>Internal Service Fund</u>, commonly known as the Self-Insurance Fund, is used to account for insurance coverage and administrative services provided to other departments or agencies of the County. This fund is funded by quasi-external transfers from other funds and charges to employees for extended benefits at their option. Charges are determined on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for situations where the County's role is strictly custodial in nature. These funds are held for various reasons being legal, contractual, or operational. Example of this include times where the courts are required to hold funds in trust by the County, the tax office collects funds on behalf of local governments and the state, and the Sheriff collects funds on behalf of inmates. As a result, all assets reported in an Agency Fund are offset by a liability to the party or entity whose behalf the assets are held.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund are charges to participants for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> <u>Balance</u>

Cash and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposits, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The County's investments in these pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though they are calculated using the amortized cost method.

Time deposits of all funds are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and/or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

The Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector collects property taxes for the County. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before January 31st of the following year. Property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for items or services for a future period beyond December 31, are recorded as prepaid items. The County uses the consumption method to account for prepaid items. This means that expenditures are recognized proportionately over the periods that services are provided. The fund balances in the affected funds have been classified as nonspendable for amounts equal to the prepayments since these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	5-20
Infrastructure (roads and bridges)	20-50

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation in varying amounts and earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Employees do not earn vacation leave until the completion of one year of service for the County. Employees earn vacation based on the following table:

Years of Employment	Vacation Days
1-2 years	80 hours per year
3-9 years	96 hours per year
10-19 years	120 hours per year
20+ years	160 hours per year

Vacation leave may not be accrued in excess of the maximum amount of 200 hours. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act as it applies to local governments, non-exempt County employees are granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours. Vacation and compensatory time is paid upon termination of employment. Accrued sick time is not paid out per the policy of the Commissioners' Court.

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

All vacation pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these payments is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred losses on debt refundings in the government-wide Statement of Net Position – A deferred loss on a bond refunding results when the reacquisition price of the refunded debt exceeds the carrying value. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- *Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets* This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.
- *Difference in expected and actual pension experience* This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- *Pension contributions after the measurement date* These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources.
- Property taxes collected before the period for which they were levied.

In addition, the County has deferred inflows of resources which are required to be reported on the Statements of Net Position under the full accrual basis of accounting. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statements of Net Position are as follows:

- Differences between expected and actual economic experience for the County's pension This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members
- Changes of economic and demographic actuarial assumptions or of other inputs included in determining the pension liability These effects on the total pension liability are deferred and amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by the Commissioners' Court or County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

The County will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund ranging from 18 to 25% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing

transfers. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts.

If it is determined that the County is below this minimum established fund balance level, the governing body will be informed of this condition and take necessary budgetary steps to bring fund balance level into compliance with this policy through budgetary actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Principles

Significant new accounting standards not yet implemented by the County include the following:

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" – This statement changes the focus of accounting of postemployment benefits other than pensions from whether they are responsibility funding the benefits over time to a point-in time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. This statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2018.

GASB Statement No. 83, "*Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*" is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

GASB Statement No. 84, "*Fiduciary Activities*" is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

GASB Statement No. 85, "*Omnibus 2017*", is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits).

GASB Statement No. 86, "*Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*", is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt.

GASB Statement No. 87, "*Leases*", is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments.

2. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2017, the County had the following investment:

Investment Type	Net Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 8,678,073	33

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers acceptances; (7) Mutual Funds; (8) investment pools; (9) guaranteed investment contracts; and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform tests procedures related to investment practices as provide by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2017, the carrying value of the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. TexPool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty and interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied on or before January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalties.

The County's taxes on real property represent a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Property taxes are collected for the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Farm to Market and Lateral Road funds. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which collections are made.

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		Capital rojects	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Receivables:								
Property taxes	\$	1,264,585	\$	4,834	\$	203,101	\$	1,472,520
Other taxes		524,395		-		-		524,395
Court fines and fees		6,241,382		-		-		6,241,382
Accounts		17,009		-		-		17,009
Gross receivables		8,047,371		4,834		203,101		8,255,306
Less: allowance for								
uncollectibles	(5,386,587)	(242)	(10,155)	(5,396,984)
Net total receivables	\$	2,660,784	\$	4,592	\$	192,946	\$	2,858,322

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases			Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,810,032	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,810,032
Construction in progress	_	154,415		235,731		-		390,146
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	1,964,447	_	235,731		-		2,200,178
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Roads and bridges		52,941,269		4,658,356	(10,800)		57,588,825
Buildings and improvements		24,668,556		-		-		24,668,556
Machinery and equipment	_	11,489,624		796,896	(60,090)		12,226,430
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	89,099,449	_	5,455,252	(70,890)		94,483,811
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Roads and bridges		40,974,171		886,367	(2,340)		41,858,198
Buildings and improvements		8,202,391		619,455		-		8,821,846
Machinery and equipment	_	9,252,989		703,398	(38,311)		9,918,076
Total accumulated depreciation	_	58,429,551	_	2,209,220	(40,651)		60,598,120
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	30,669,898	_	3,246,032	(30,239)		33,885,691
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	32,634,345	\$	3,481,763	\$ <u>(</u>	30,239)	\$	36,085,869

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 739,138
Judicial	13,976
Public safety	267,599
Social services	3,818
Roads and bridges	 1,184,689
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,209,220

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	
General General	Capital Projects Internal Service	\$ 43,049 95
Total General		\$ 43,144

All balances of due to/due from resulted from short-term loans that are to be reimbursed within the next year.

Interfund Transfers:

	Transfers in: Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Transfers out: General	\$437,984	\$ 437,984
Total transfers	\$ 437,984	\$437,984

During the year, transfers were used to move General Fund resources to provide annual subsidies to the Farm to Market and Lateral Road Fund, Grant Fund, Juvenile Probation Fund, Court Technology and Security Fund and District Attorney Fund.

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

On July 15, 2012, the County issued \$8,660,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$5,390,000 for the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 and \$2,735,000 for the Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003. As of December 31, 2017, the refunded debt has been paid and the County has no defeased debt outstanding.

In February 2017, the County issued \$6,450,000 of unlimited tax road bonds with an interest rate of 4%. These bonds were issued for the construction, maintenance, and operation of roads and turnpikes and professional services. Principal payments begin February 15, 2024 and are payable in annual installments of \$350,000 to \$590,000 through February 15, 2037.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County.

	Interest Rates	Amount
\$8,660,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.0%-2.5%	\$ 6,045,000
\$6,450,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds, Series 2017	4%	6,450,000

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Acti	al Activities			
December 31,	 Principal	_	Interest			
2018	\$ 950,000	\$	488,167			
2019	970,000		360,750			
2020	995,000		341,100			
2021	1,020,000		320,950			
2022	1,040,000		297,750			
2023-2027	2,560,000		1,187,175			
2028-2032	2,235,000		775,900			
2033-2037	 2,725,000		281,300			
Total	\$ 12,495,000	\$	4,053,092			

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities						
December 31,	F	rincipal	I	nterest				
2018 2019	\$	43,606 33,455	\$	1,486 363				
Total	\$	77,061	\$	1,849				

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	-	ue Within Dne Year
Government activities							
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,980,000	\$ 6,450,000	\$	935,000	\$ 12,495,000	\$	950,000
Premium on bonds	180,196	699,405		56,635	822,966		-
Capital leases	119,549	-		42,488	77,061		43,606
Net OPEB obligation	840,210	445,808		454,363	831,655		-
Net pension liability	5,427,339	1,387,222		1,245,425	5,569,136		-
Claims payable	245,493	215,441		310,075	150,859		37,715
Compensated absences	 294,579	186,417		272,402	 208,594		52,149
Governmental activity							
Long-term liabilities	\$ 14,087,366	\$ 9,384,293	\$	3,316,388	\$ 20,155,271	\$	1,083,470

The compensated absences, net pension liability, and OPEB liabilities attributable to the governmental activities are primarily liquidated by the General Fund.

Risk Management

The County is a member of the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool ('Pool"). The Pool was created for the purpose of providing coverage against risks which are inherent in operating a political subdivision. The County pays annual premiums to the Pool for unemployment and workers' compensation coverage. The County's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide coverage through commercial reinsurance contracts. The Pool agrees to handle all unemployment and workers' compensation claims and provide any defense as is necessary. The Pool makes available to the County loss control services to assist the County in following a plan of loss control that may result in reduced losses. The County agrees that it will cooperate in instituting any and all reasonable loss control recommendations made by the Pool. The County also carries commercial insurance on all other risks of loss, including liability, property, and accident insurance.

The County has experienced no significant reductions in coverage through the Pool over the past year. There have been no insurance settlements exceeding Pool and commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

Self-Insurance

In prior years, the County established the Self-Insurance Fund to account for the County's group health and prescription expenses. A third-party administrator, Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, administered the County's plan. Under this plan, the County paid seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) per month for health and prescription benefits per budgeted full time position to the plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for dependents. In accordance with state law, the County was protected against catastrophic individual loss by stop-loss coverage carried through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas.

Under this plan, employees' premiums were paid by the General and Special Revenue funds into the Self-Insurance Fund. These premiums were recorded as expenditures in the paying funds and were available to pay claims, insurance premiums, and administrative costs of the program. During fiscal year 2017, a total of \$2,375,869 was paid in benefits, premiums and administrative costs. The excess coverage insurance covered the plan against individual claims in excess of \$85,000 per covered person per year. Estimated claims payable, based upon claims filed and estimated unfiled claims at year-end, were \$150,859 as of December 31, 2017. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years were as follows:

	2017	2016
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including incurred but not reported)	\$ 245,493 215,441	\$ 94,020 2,435,042
Claim payments	(310,075)	(2,283,569)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$150,859	\$245,493

During the current fiscal year, the County changed from a self-insured health plan to a traditional health insurance plan administered by the Texas Association of Counties.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at *www.tcdrs.org*.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided. TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2016, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	175
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	384
Active employees	257
	816

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly

manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 12.7% and 11.98% in calendar years 2016 and 2017, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$1,161,740, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability. The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.0% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.5% per year
Investment rate of return	8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	The RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non- depositing members	The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females.
Disabled retirees	RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with no age adjustment for males and a two-year set-forward for females.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except for mortality assumptions. Mortality assumptions were updated for the 2015 valuation to reflect projected improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.1%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The application of the investment return assumption was changed for

purposes of determining plan liabilities in the 2016 actuarial valuation. All plan liabilities are now valued using an 8% discount rate. Previously, some liabilities were valued using a 7% discount rate and others were valued using a 9% discount rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2017 information for a 7 to 10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is reassessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	13.50%	4.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	16.00%	7.70%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.00%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	4.70%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI EM Standard (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.60%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.70%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	3.83%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.15%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (4)	3.00%	6.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	3.85%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.60%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	20.00%	3.85%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2017 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.0%, per Cliffwater's 2017 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

			Incr	ease (Decrease)		
]	Fotal Pension Liability (a)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	39,850,190	\$	34,422,851	\$	5,427,339
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,268,507		-		1,268,507
Interest on total pension liability (1)		3,197,116		-		3,197,116
Effect of plan changes (2)		-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(16,698)		-	(16,698)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions	(94,938)	(94,938)		-
Benefit payments	(1,947,893)	(1,947,893)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(27,691)		27,691
Member contributions		-		694,655	(694,655)
Net investment income		-		2,536,507	(2,536,507)
Employer contributions		-		1,217,964	(1,217,964)
Other ⁽³⁾	_	-	(114,307)		114,307
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$	42,256,284	\$	36,687,148	\$	5,569,136

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease 7.1%		Discount Rate 8.1%		1% Increase 9.1%	
Total pension liability	\$	47,267,949	\$	42,256,284	\$	38,072,009
Fiduciary net position		36,687,147		36,687,148		36,687,147
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	10,580,802	\$	5,569,136	\$	1,384,862

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separatelyissued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,672,321.

At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	- 143,553	\$ 277,157
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,895,754 1,161,740	 -
Total	\$	3,201,047	\$ 277,157

\$1,161,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	
2018	\$ 515,054
2019	637,527
2020	561,382
2021	48,187

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Plan description and Funding Policy. Health insurance benefits are provided to eligible retirees of the County in accordance with policies and procedures approved by Commissioners' Court. All employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement. If they are vested and eligible for retirement with the Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS") at the time they leave employment, they will be required to make the same employee contribution as is required of active employees with similar dependent elections. Employees who are vested in TCDRS and who are hired subsequent to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement, provided that the retired employee pays 100% of the required monthly premium for their coverage elections.

All group insurance will cease when retired employees reach age 65, provided however, that if the retired employee's spouse has not reached the age of 65 and/or the retired employee's children have not reached the age of 26, the spouse and/or children will be eligible for group health coverage until they reach the age of 65 and 26 respectively. The County, annually, will stipulate the required contribution from the retired employee needed to extend the coverage of their eligible dependents after the retired employee has reached age 65.

As of December 31, 2017, the County has 26 retirees that were eligible for the OPEB plan and the cost to the County was \$454,363. Post-retirement health care benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Annual required contribution	\$	458,458
Interest on OPEB obligation		37,809
Adjustment to ARC	(50,459)
Annual OPEB cost		445,808
Net employer contributions	(454,363)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	(8,555)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		840,210
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ <u></u>	831,655

The County's annual OPEB cost, amount contributed to the plan, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation End of Year
12/31/2015	\$ 442,539	\$ 696,353	157.4%	\$ 1,146,137
12/31/2016	446,360	752,287	168.5%	840,210
12/31/2017	445,808	454,363	101.9%	831,655

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funding status of the post-employment benefit plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/17	\$ -	\$ 4,913,353	\$ 4,913,353	- %	\$ 7,857,742	62.53%

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method Service Cost	12/31/2017 Projected unit credit		
	Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocted to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between date of hire and date of expected termination.		
Discount Rate Health care trend rate	4.5% (1.5% real rate of return plus 3% inflation) Level 5%		
Retirement Rates	Rates vary by age, with an average age of 60		
Retiree Contributions	Current retirees pay the contirbution rate in excess of the current montly rate for individual retiree coverage. This amount varies from zero to \$100 per month. Future retirees hired on or after January 1, 2012 will be required		
Amortization Period	to pay the full contribution rate with no direct subsidy from the County. The period used to determine amortization costs for the initial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is a level period for 30 year.		

Commitments and Contingencies

- a. <u>Grants</u> The County has received Federal and State financial assistance in the form of grants that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement by the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. In the opinion of County management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant to the County's financial position.
- b. <u>Litigation</u> The evaluation of County management is that any liability to the County relating to lawsuits will not have a material impact on the County's financial position. Historically, the County has not incurred significant losses from claims or lawsuits which arise during the ordinary course of business.

Subsequent Event

In June, 2018, the County issued \$6,635,000, in limited tax road bonds with an interest rate of 4%. These bonds were issued for improvements to the County's roads and for professional services. Principal payments begin February 15, 2024, and are payable in annual installments of \$330,000 to \$575,000, through February 15, 2038.

Tax Abatement

During the current fiscal year, the County entered into a tax abatement agreement with Frankston Packaging Company, LP under the provisions of the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act (Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code). This act provides for the availability of tax abatement for both new facilities and structures and for the expansion or modernization of existing facilities and structures located in a reinvestment zone designated under this act. The purpose of this tax abatement is for the expansion of employment, attraction of future investments, and economic development of the County.

Under the terms of the agreement, Frankston Packaging Company, LP will make the following improvements:

- Personal property improvements estimated at no less than \$750,000 no later than December 31, 2017
- Employ at all times during the years 2018-2022 no less than 81 full-time employees.

Beginning on January 1, 2018, the County property taxes on the certified appraisal value of the eligible property in the reinvestment zone will be abated for the following periods in the following amounts:

2018	100%
2019	70%
2020	50%
2021	50%
2022	25%

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Actuarial Valuation Date	V	ctuarial alue of Assets	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfur AA (UAA	L	Funde Ratio		 Covered Payroll	Per	AAL as a rcentage Covered Payroll
12/31/2017 12/31/2015 12/31/2013	\$	- - -	\$ 4,913,353 5,092,822 3,934,067	4,913 5,092 3,934	2,822	-	% % %	\$ 7,857,742 8,239,635 7,751,867		63% 62% 51%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final		
			Amounts	Budget -		
	0.1.1	D ' 1	Budgetary	Positive		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)		
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 12,805,776	\$ 12,805,776	\$ 12,547,647	\$(258,129)		
Sales	2,685,922	2,685,922	2,570,394	(115,528)		
Mixed beverage	34,000	34,000	58,424	24,424		
Intergovernmental	453,805	453,805	873,892	420,087		
Fees of office	2,253,875	2,253,875	2,356,886	103,011		
Fines and forfeitures	564,500	564,500	464,259	(100,241)		
Investment earnings	40,000	40,000	69,220	29,220		
Other revenue	26,000	26,000	56,133	30,133		
Total revenues	18,863,878	18,863,878	18,996,855	132,977		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
County auditor	479,448	477,447	465,858	11,589		
County judge	190,512	190,512	183,992	6,520		
County treasurer	140,971	140,971	134,133	6,838		
Tax assessor-collector	746,079	745,750	695,508	50,242		
Commissioners	330,541	333,243	324,120	9,123		
County clerk	476,548	475,343	452,500	22,843		
District clerk Courthouse	463,549 530,098	463,220 510,098	449,697 430,433	13,523 79,665		
Elections	147,729	148,682	430,433 135,314	13,368		
Information technology	155,099	155,099	144,520	10,579		
				37		
Miscellaneous legal	175,000 1,219,480	203,975 964,455	203,938 906,952	57,503		
Miscellaneous Total general government	5,055,054	4,808,795	4,526,965	281,830		
	3,035,054	4,000,775	4,320,903	201,030		
Judicial:	20.000	(0.000	CO 150	02		
County court	38,800 412,289	68,233	68,150	83		
County court-at-law District court	1,029,242	435,981 727,840	434,554 688,936	1,427 38,904		
District attorney	874,236	865,664	831,937	33,727		
Justice of the peace, precinct 1	142,300	142,300	138,496	3,804		
Justice of the peace, precinct 2	144,229	144,229	141,854	2,375		
Justice of the peace, precinct 3	147,288	147,288	145,542	1,746		
Justice of the peace, precinct 4	138,976	138,976	136,182	2,794		
3rd District Court	-	266,923	261,416	5,507		
87th District Court	-	67,592	67,480	112		
349th District Court	_	74,111	74,111			
369th District Court	_	81,037	75,087	5,950		
Total judicial	2,927,360	3,160,174	3,063,745	96,429		
-		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
The accompanying notes are an	15					

integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

		Budgetee	d Am				Variance	
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis]	vith Final Budget - Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Public safety:	\$	101,099	\$	101.000	\$	83,584	¢	17 5 1 5
Emergency management Constable, precinct 1	Ф	78,801	Ф	101,099 78,800	Ф	83,384 72,835	\$	17,515 5,965
Constable, precinct 1 Constable, precinct 2		80,747		80,258		72,833		1,057
Constable, precinct 2 Constable, precinct 3		78,406		78,406		75,329		3,077
Constable, precinct 3		70,905		78,400		70,620		706
Sheriff		2,504,317		2,528,376		2,497,075		31,301
Bailiff/security		158,843		165,298		153,151		12,147
State highway patrol		49,230		47,502		47,168		334
Bail bond supervision		112,227		112,180		85,401		26,779
County jail		2,671,572		2,574,837		2,473,938		100,899
Total public safety	_	5,906,147	_	5,838,082	-	5,638,302		199,780
Social services:								
Dogwood park		127,106		117,513		113,074		4,439
Extension services		123,919		123,368		120,788		2,580
Indigent health		150,329		147,627		43,756		103,871
County services		384,850		384,850		367,170		17,680
Veterans Service Officer	_	38,629	_	39,129	_	38,941		188
Total social services	_	824,833	_	812,487	_	683,729		128,758
Road and bridge:								
Administration		158,000		158,000		148,457		9,543
Precinct 1		869,440		823,728		778,234		45,494
Precinct 2		660,114		651,729		635,377		16,352
Precinct 3		894,306		770,100		750,605		19,495
Precinct 4		786,732		786,732		779,374		7,358
Shop	_	156,957	_	156,956	_	136,839		20,117
Total road and bridge	_	3,525,549	_	3,347,245	-	3,228,886		118,359
Debt service:						12 100	,	12 (00)
Principal		-		-		42,488	(42,488)
Interest and other charges	_	-	-	-	-	2,604	(2,604)
Total debt service	-	-	—	-	-	45,092	(45,092)
Capital outlay	_	344,199	_	915,961	_	720,021		195,940
Total expenditures	_	18,583,142	_	18,882,744	-	17,906,740		976,004
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		280,736	(18,866)		1,090,115		1,108,981
O ER (OUDER) EM ENDITORES	-	200,700	7	10,000)	-	1,020,110		_,

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted A Original			ints Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125	\$	125
Insurance recoveries		-		-		55,084		55,084
Transfers out	(288,442)	(436,491)	(437,984)	(1,493)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(288,442)	(436,491)	(382,775)	. <u> </u>	53,716
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,706)	(455,357)		707,340		1,162,697
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		6,222,417		6,222,417		6,222,417		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	6,214,711	\$	5,767,060	\$	6,929,757	\$	1,162,697

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

DECEMBER 31, 2017

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- 1. The County Judge has departmental meetings with management to determine the departmental budget requests.
- 2. The County Judge submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. After the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court reviews the budget and makes any adjustments they feel necessary.
- 5. The budget is then legally enacted by the Commissioners' Court on or before October 1.

Only the governing body (the Commissioners' Court) may amend the budget after its adoption so long as the amendment continues to meet the requirements of Section 111 of the *Local Government Code*. During the year, several supplementary amendments to the original budget were required. Individual amendments were all legally made.

The County's legally adopted budget is at the department level in those funds with multiple departments and at the fund level in single department funds. All budgets are fixed in nature. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures to budget are made on an ongoing basis.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, District Attorney Forfeiture, or the Capital Projects Funds.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST FISCAL YEAR

Plan Year Ended December 31		2016		2015	2014			
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	1,268,507	\$	1,179,479	\$	1,175,228		
Interest total pension liability		3,197,116		3,067,562		2,871,273		
Effect of plan changes		-	(180,193)		191,642		
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-		430,658		-		
Effect of economic/demographic								
(gains) or losses	(16,699)	(798,076)		65,223		
Benefit payments/refunds								
of contributions	(2,042,830)	(1,999,706)	(1,825,627)		
Net change in total pension liability		2,406,094		1,699,724		2,477,739		
Total pension liability - beginning		39,850,190		38,150,466		35,672,727		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	42,256,284	\$	39,850,190	\$	38,150,466		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Employer contributions	\$	1,217,964	\$	1,166,363	\$	1,066,489		
Member contributions		694,655		671,196		661,243		
Investment income net of								
investment expenses		2,536,507		240,531		2,237,562		
Benefit payments refunds of								
contributions	(2,042,831)	(1,999,706)	(1,825,626)		
Administrative expenses	(27,691)	(24,797)	(25,774)		
Other	(114,307)	(126,494)	(56,196)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,264,297	(72,907)		2,057,698		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		34,422,851		34,495,758		32,438,060		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	36,687,148	\$	34,422,851	\$	34,495,758		
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,569,136	\$	5,427,339	\$	3,654,708		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of total pension liability		87%		86%		90%		
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	9,806,496	\$	9,467,857	\$	9,446,330		
Net pension liability as a percentage								
of covered payroll		57%		57%		39%		

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of data to be provided in this schedule. As of December 31, 2017, only 3 years are included and additional years will be added in the future as the information becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended December 31,	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer ontribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)]	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	\$	707,517	\$ 707,517	-	\$	8,255,743	8.6%
2009		744,229	744,229	-		8,534,732	8.7%
2010		783,192	783,192	-		8,849,624	8.9%
2011		774,068	774,068	-		8,826,371	8.8%
2012		832,819	832,819	-		9,003,493	9.2%
2013		1,006,591	1,006,591	-		9,277,362	10.8%
2014		1,066,489	1,066,489	-		9,446,330	11.3%
2015		1,173,068	1,173,068	-		9,467,861	12.4%
2016		1,245,425	1,245,425	-		9,806,495	12.7%
2017		1,161,740	1,161,740	-		9,697,331	12.0%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Valuation Timing

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	12.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in $12/31/2016$ valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.0%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table is the RP-2000 table projected with Scale AA to 2014.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule	2015: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was increased to 200% for future benefits. 2016: No changes in plan provisions.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Farm to Market and Lateral Road – This fund accounts for all property taxes collected pursuant to *Transportation Code §256.054* for construction and maintenance of farm-to-market and lateral roads, for flood control purposes, or for both, as determined by the Commissioners' Court.

Grant – This fund accounts for all grant funding from local, state, and federal grants.

Juvenile Probation – This fund accounts for the operations of the Juvenile Probation Department.

Law Library – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code §323.023* for the operations of the law library.

Court Technology and Security – This fund accounts for the fees collected from defendants in criminal cases pursuant to the *Code of Criminal Procedure §102.0169*, *§102.017*, *and §102.0173*. Proceeds are used to cover the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements including computer systems, networks, hardware, and software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

Child Welfare Board – This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements related to the Child Welfare Board.

District Attorney – This fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements related to the discretionary funding of the District Attorney.

Records Preservation and Management –This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the record management and preservation program. Resources from this fund are used to manage, organize, promote, implement, preserve, and maintain County records. Access to these funds requires specific Commissioners' Court approval.

Court Reporter – This fund accounts for court reporter fees collected pursuant to *Government Code §51.601* which defray the cost of providing court-reporting services for the County.

Historical Commission – This fund accounts for funding necessary to conduct the operations of the Anderson County Historical Commission.

Sheriff Forfeiture – This fund accounts for the funds that have been awarded to the Sheriff's office pursuant to a court order to forfeit funds from seizures conducted during criminal activity. These funds are to be used for law enforcement purposes by the Sheriff's office.

Guardianship – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code* §118.067 whereby the clerk of the court collects a fee on certain probate court actions involving guardianships and is to provide supplemental funding for court-appointed guardians ad litem and court-appointed attorneys ad litem and to fund local guardianship programs for indigent incapacitated individuals.

District Attorney Forfeiture – This fund accounts for the funds that have been awarded to the District Attorney's office pursuant to a court order to forfeit funds from seizures conducted during criminal activity. These funds are to be used for law enforcement purposes by the District Attorney's office.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

	m to Market nd Lateral Road	Grant		Juvenile Probation		Law Library			Court echnology d Security	, 	Child Welfare Board	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$ 362,483	\$	328,289	\$	181,158	\$	41,666	\$	115,668	\$	33,547	
Property taxes receivable	81,373		-		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments	 -		26,037		39,163		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 443,856	\$	354,326	\$	220,321	\$	41,666	\$	115,668	\$	33,547	
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ 45,401	\$	121,198	\$	-	\$	1,625	\$	490	\$	1,729	
Accrued liabilities	-		4,987		5,700		-		1,529		-	
Other payables	 -		-		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities	 45,401	_	126,185		5,700		1,625		2,019	_	1,729	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Advance property tax collections	205,829		-		-		-		-		-	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 78,991		-		-		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 284,820		-	_	-				-		-	
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted:	112 (25											
Roads and bridges Judicial operations	113,635		-		-		- 40,041		- 113,649		-	
Public safety operations	-		228,141		214,621		-		-		- 31,818	
Social services operations	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Debt service	 	_		—		_	-			_	-	
Total fund balances	 113,635		228,141	_	214,621	-	40,041		113,649		31,818	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$ 443,856	\$	354,326	\$	220,321	\$	41,666	\$	115,668	\$	33,547	

					Sp	ecial F	Revenue										
District Attorney		Records Preservation and Management		Court Reporter		Historical Commission		Sheriff Forfeiture		Guardianship		District Attorney Forfeiture		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 	343,095 - 1,386 344,481	\$ 	418,268	\$ 	681 - - 681	\$ 	803 - - - 803	\$ 	41,616	\$ 	36,599 - - 36,599	\$ 	14,776 - - 14,776	\$ 	1,126,309 111,573 - 1,237,882	\$ 	3,044,958 192,946 66,586 3,304,490
	926 2,639 - 3,565	\$	683 2,909 - 3,592	\$	295 - - 295	\$	-	\$	1,271 	\$	- - -	\$ 	-	\$	- - -	\$	173,618 17,764 18,060 209,442
	-		-		-		-		-		-	_	-		512,488 107,194 619,682		718,317 186,185 904,502
	340,916		414,676		- 386 				22,285		36,599			_	618,200		113,635 909,668 496,865 52,178 618,200
	340,916 344,481	\$	414,676	\$	<u>386</u> 681	\$	803 803	\$	22,285 41,616	\$	36,599 36,599	\$	14,776 14,776	\$	618,200	\$	2,190,546 3,304,490

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue											
	Farm to Market and Lateral Road			Grant		Juvenile Probation	La Libr		Court Technology and Security			Child Welfare Board
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	583,488	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		720,934		611,938		-		-		2,555
Fees of office		-		-		1,818		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	21	,150		47,644		-
Investment earnings		-		-		643		-		-		147
Miscellaneous		-		1,750		11,141		-		-		3,843
Total revenues		583,488	_	722,684		625,540	21	,150	_	47,644	_	6,545
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		-		68,739		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		105,163		-	19	,274		13,837		-
Public safety		-		108,921		807,986		-		46,477		-
Social services		-		325,571		-		-		-		18,578
Road and bridges		611,775		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		44,000		3,869		2,450		-		11,871		-
Total expenditures		655,775		612,263		810,436	19	,274	_	72,185		18,578
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(72,287)		110,421	(184,896)	1	<u>,876</u>	(24,541)	(12,033)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		148,049		35,693		230,000		-		20,000		-
Total other financing sources and uses	_	148,049	_	35,693		230,000		-	_	20,000	_	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		75,762		146,114		45,104	1	,876	(4,541)	(12,033)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		37,873		82,027		169,517	38	,165	_	118,190		43,851
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	113,635	\$	228,141	\$	214,621	\$ <u>40</u>	,041	\$	113,649	\$	31,818

					Spe	ecial I	Revenue										
	District Attorney	Records Preservation and Management		Court Reporter		Historical Commission		Sheriff Forfeiture		Guardianship		District Attorney Forfeiture		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,177,364	\$	1,760,852
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,335,427
	30,697		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		32,515
	5,990		209,295		11,370		-		12,866		3,880		14,776		-		326,971
	788		-		-		4		197		-		-		1,766		3,545
_	75,825		-		-		-		55		-		-		-		92,614
	113,300		209,295		11,370	_	4		13,118		3,880		14,776		1,179,130		3,551,924
	-		328,969		-		-		-		-		-		-		397,708
	95,935		-		29,965		-		-		-		-		-		264,174
	-		-		-		-		8,520		-		-		-		971,904
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		344,149
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		611,775
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		935,000		935,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		124,321		124,321
	4,533		24,780		-		-		15,606		-		-		-		107,109
	100,468		353,749		29,965	_	-		24,126		-		-		1,059,321		3,756,140
	12,832	(144,454)	(18,595)		4	(11,008)		3,880		14,776		119,809	(204,216)
	4,242		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		437,984
_	4,242		-		-		-		-	_	-		-	_	-		437,984
	17,074	(144,454)	(18,595)		4	(11,008)		3,880		14,776		119,809		233,768
	323,842		559,130		18,981		799		33,293		32,719		-		498,391		1,956,778
\$	340,916	\$	414,676	\$	386	\$	803	\$	22,285	\$	36,599	\$	14,776	\$	618,200	\$	2,190,546

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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ <u>588,089</u>	\$ <u>588,089</u>	<u>\$</u> 583,488	\$ <u>(4,601</u>)
Total revenues	588,089	588,089	583,488	(4,601)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Road and bridge	582,555	634,753	611,775	22,978
Capital outlay		44,000	44,000	
Total expenditures	582,555	678,753	655,775	22,978
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,534	(90,664)	(72,287)	18,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		148,049	148,049	
Total other financing sources (uses)		148,049	148,049	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	5,534	57,385	75,762	18,377
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	37,873	37,873	37,873	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$43,407	\$95,258	\$113,635	\$ 18,377

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

LAW LIBRARY

	Budgetec	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 21,150	\$ <u>1,150</u>
Total revenues	20,000	20,000	21,150	1,150
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial Total expenditures	20,000 20,000	20,000 20,000	<u> </u>	726 726
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	1,876	1,876
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	38,165	38,165	38,165	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$38,165	\$38,165	\$40,041	\$1,876

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

COURT REPORTER

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	*	• • • • • • •	*	• (
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ <u>11,370</u>	\$ <u>(630</u>)
Total revenues	12,000	12,000	11,370	(630)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Judicial	52,000	52,000	29,965	22,035
Total expenditures	52,000	52,000	29,965	22,035
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40,000)	(40,000)	(18,595)	21,405
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	18,981	18,981	18,981	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(21,019)</u>	\$ <u>(21,019)</u>	\$386	\$21,405

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

DEBT SERVICE

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,171,153	\$ 1,171,153	\$ 1,177,364	\$ 6,211
Investment earnings			1,766	1,766
Total revenues	1,171,153	1,171,153	1,179,130	7,977
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	935,000	935,000	935,000	-
Interest and other charges	140,800	140,800	124,321	16,479
Total expenditures	1,075,800	1,075,800	1,059,321	16,479
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	95,353	95,353	119,809	24,456
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	498,391	498,391	498,391	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 593,744	\$ 593,744	\$618,200	\$24,456

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AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's agency funds:

Tax Assessor-Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

County Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

Sheriff – This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Sheriff's office.

Justice of the Peace– This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Justices of the Peace.

Criminal District Attorney – This fund is used to account for monies collected by the Criminal District Attorney.

Unclaimed Money – This fund is used to account for unclaimed money held on behalf of individuals.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,288,230	\$	\$16,634,186	<u>\$ 1,554,379</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 2,288,230	\$ 15,900,335	\$ 16,634,186	\$ 1,554,379
COUNTY CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>473,751</u>	\$ 880,235	\$ <u>1,196,896</u>	\$ 157,090
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 473,751	\$ 880,235	\$ 1,196,896	\$ 157,090
DISTRICT CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	\$ 1,332,860	\$1,248,953	\$ 1,732,393
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$	\$ 1,332,860	\$ 1,248,953	\$ 1,732,393
<u>SHERIFF</u>				
Assets:	¢ 10.270	¢ 709.500	¢ 714505	¢ 24.205
Cash and investments	\$10,278	\$728,522	\$ 714,505	\$24,295
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$10,278	\$728,522	\$714,505	\$ 24,295
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,659	\$ 814,520	\$ 814,442	\$5,737
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$5,659	\$ 814,520	\$ 814,442	\$5,737_

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year	
CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$3,830	\$59,978	\$ 63,808	\$	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$3,830	\$ <u>59,978</u>	\$ 63,808	\$	
UNCLAIMED MONEY Assets:	¢ 0.492	¢ 977	¢	¢ 0.540	
Cash and investments	\$ 8,682	\$ <u>867</u>	\$	\$ <u>9,549</u>	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 8,682	\$867	\$	\$ <u>9,549</u>	
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,438,916	\$ <u>19,717,317</u>	\$ 20,672,790	\$ 3,483,443	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 4,438,916	\$ 19,717,317	\$ 20,672,790	\$ 3,483,443	
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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Anderson County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well- being have changed over time.	62 - 73
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	74 – 79
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	80 - 84
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	85 – 86
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	87 – 92

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Governmental activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,446,299	\$ 25,723,477	\$ 24,645,928	\$ 23,329,457			
Restricted	2,261,659	2,082,120	4,576,896	2,638,680			
Unrestricted	5,482,717	7,349,340	5,343,270	9,107,172			
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>34,190,675</u>	\$ <u>35,154,937</u>	\$ <u>34,566,094</u>	\$ <u>35,075,309</u>			

Source: Anderson County financial records.

	Fiscal Year										
2013	2013 2012		2010	2009	2008						
\$ 22,981,397	\$ 23,145,292	\$ 23,187,361	\$ 23,393,589	\$ 22,588,582	\$ 22,030,674						
2,418,917	3,071,484	3,579,462	2,316,481	2,013,184	1,776,146						
8,024,087	6,751,584	5,557,910	7,657,647	8,804,272	8,629,269						
\$ 33,424,401	\$ 32,968,360	\$ 32,324,733	\$ 33,367,717	\$ 33,406,038	\$ 32,436,089						
2,418,917 8,024,087	3,071,484 6,751,584	3,579,462 5,557,910	2,316,481 7,657,647	2,013,184 8,804,272	1,776,146 8,629,269						

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year				
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
EXPENSES										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	5,723,584	\$	5,712,667	\$	5,490,250	\$	4,915,917	\$	5,487,449
Judicial		3,375,269		3,179,694		3,193,567		2,969,561		2,870,623
Public safety		6,951,529		6,745,390		6,551,919		6,703,245		6,503,707
Social services		1,023,061		769,599		753,845		734,149		710,814
Roads and highways		6,289,680		4,470,077		3,777,365		5,320,372		4,976,753
Interest on long-term debt		470,313		180,187	_	199,289	_	231,641	_	133,570
Total expenses		23,833,436		21,057,614	_	19,966,235		20,874,885		20,682,916
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Fees, fines and charges for services:										
General government		2,432,852		2,481,976		2,561,296		2,902,667		2,768,356
Judicial		561,034		462,011		610,074		641,965		571,300
Public safety		477,637		428,186		592,294		799,433		588,210
Roads and highways		544		1,358		2,158		3,590		1,866
Operating grants and contributions		1,369,903		1,048,110		951,503		715,435		656,903
Capital grants and contributions		696,405		69,452		45,606		696,798		38,782
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	_	5,538,375		4,491,093		4,762,931		5,759,888		4,625,417
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES										
Governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	18,295,061)	\$ <u>(</u>	16,566,521)	\$ <u>(</u>	15,203,304)	\$ <u>(</u>	15,114,997)	\$ <u>(</u>	16,057,499)

	2012		2011		2010		2009	2008		
\$	5,175,991	\$	5,095,955	\$	5,190,938	\$	4,774,879	\$	4,905,331	
	2,807,616		2,833,469		2,590,476		2,471,772		2,324,373	
	6,973,029		7,284,060		6,650,546		6,231,562		4,918,777	
	858,731		788,200		712,048		734,828		960,576	
	4,500,010		4,220,927		4,312,468		4,607,098		4,109,293	
	543,041		454,462		478,061		363,386		770,281	
	20,858,418		20,677,073		19,934,537		19,183,525		17,988,631	
	2,564,081		2,524,548		2,382,208		2,617,260		2,464,568	
	993,287		589,920		664,973		658,832		666,322	
	625,688		617,051		718,130		743,990		747,419	
	3,904		5,374		6,201		1,442		7,146	
	883,267		590,135		745,501		777,180		935,339	
	136,810		494,428		9,200		164,058		1,060,213	
	5,207,037		4,821,456		4,526,213		4,962,762		5,881,007	
\$(15,651,381)	\$(15,855,617)	\$(15,408,324)	\$(14,220,763)	\$(12,107,624)	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year				
		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
GENERAL REVENUES										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property	\$	14,397,389	\$	14,050,696	\$	13,765,096	\$	13,571,243	\$	13,519,429
Sales		2,570,394		2,523,703		2,752,151		2,813,092		2,489,686
Other		58,424		32,139		42,344		27,201		31,201
Investment earnings		97,512		53,988		46,291		45,317		71,189
Miscellaneous		182,110		372,063		173,819		200,328		436,099
Gain from sale of capital assets	_	24,970	_	122,775		94,062		108,724		141,118
Total governmental activities		17,330,799	_	17,155,364	_	16,873,763	_	16,765,905	_	16,688,722
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental activities	(964,262)	_	588,843	_	1,670,459	_	1,650,908	_	631,223
Net position - beginning		35,154,937		34,566,094		35,075,309		33,424,401		32,968,360
Prior period adjustment		-	_	-	(2,179,674)	_	-	(175,182)
Net position - ending	\$	34,190,675	\$	35,154,937	\$	34,566,094	\$	35,075,309	\$	33,424,401

Source: Anderson County financial records

_					Fiscal Year			
	2012		2011	2010		 2009		2008
\$	13,315,925	\$	12,868,263	\$	12,664,751	\$ 12,577,857	\$	11,827,075
	2,625,335		2,287,587		2,231,330	2,195,313		2,554,428
	26,689		30,622		32,218	30,122		31,862
	77,159		31,276		25,210	43,096		186,873
	175,737		209,113		334,901	307,810		317,228
	74,163		42,644		81,593	 36,514		422,892
	16,295,008		15,469,505		15,370,003	 15,190,712		15,340,358
	643,627	(386,112)	(38,321)	 969,949		3,232,734
	32,324,733		33,367,717		33,406,038	32,436,089		32,963,325
	-	(656,872)			 -	(3,759,970)
\$	32,968,360	\$	32,324,733	\$	33,367,717	\$ 33,406,038	\$	32,436,089

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
General fund										
Reserved for prepaid items	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, undesignated		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		357,054		305,181		280,801		322,266		104,387
Unassigned		6,572,703		5,917,236		6,095,107		8,006,335		6,876,952
Total general fund		6,929,757		6,222,417		6,375,908		8,328,601		6,981,339
All other governmental funds										
Reserved for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-		-		512		-		55
Restricted		5,625,232		4,490,114		4,449,064		2,501,009		2,299,797
Unassigned		-		-	_	-		-	_	
Total all other										
governmental funds	\$	5,625,232	\$	4,490,114	\$	4,449,576	\$	2,501,009	\$	2,299,852

Source: Anderson County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

				1	Fiscal Year		
	2012		2011		2010	 2009	 2008
\$	-	\$	-	\$	147,106	\$ 142,802	\$ 143,733
	-		-		5,663,738	7,058,622	6,879,053
	96,835		83,848		-	-	-
	5,826,147		4,654,087			 	
	5,922,982		4,737,935		5,810,844	 7,201,424	 7,022,786
	-		-		494,556	402,624	268,581
	-		-		1,220,809	1,119,217	1,371,921
	-		-		1,589,830	1,393,936	1,265,286
	17,563		10,031		-	-	-
	2,835,948		3,156,598		-	-	-
(84,367)	(20,792)		-	 	
\$ <u></u>	2,769,144	\$	3,145,837	\$	3,305,195	\$ 2,915,777	\$ 2,905,788

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	ll Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 14,309,434	\$ 14,004,110	\$ 13,823,254	\$ 13,537,585
Other taxes	2,628,818	2,555,842	2,794,495	2,840,293
Intergovernmental	2,209,319	1,427,938	1,280,590	1,052,608
Fees of office	2,389,401	2,395,050	2,627,900	3,037,640
Fines and forfeitures	791,230	856,154	819,452	1,099,343
Investment earnings	97,512	53,988	46,291	45,317
Miscellaneous	148,747	248,690	148,345	137,755
Total revenues	22,574,461	21,541,772	21,540,327	21,750,541
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,950,409	4,728,179	4,874,009	4,420,620
Judicial	3,327,919	3,080,584	2,828,086	2,895,276
Public safety	6,610,206	6,294,129	6,228,863	6,276,451
Social services	1,027,878	750,571	747,777	719,734
Roads and bridges	3,840,661	4,671,708	2,867,361	4,423,689
Debt service:				
Principal	977,488	915,451	885,000	850,000
Interest and fiscal charges	276,330	160,022	184,594	215,938
Capital outlay	6,925,726	818,068	2,637,961	459,138
Total expenditures	27,936,617	21,418,712	21,253,651	20,260,846
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>(5,362,156)</u>	\$123,060	\$ 286,676	\$

		Fisca	al Year		
2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$ 13,591,234	\$ 13,224,702	\$ 12,862,976	\$ 12,514,931	\$ 12,598,499	\$ 11,891,800
2,520,887	2,652,024	2,318,209	2,263,548	2,225,435	2,586,290
792,780	1,139,531	1,216,315	812,820	1,001,936	1,968,338
2,969,990	2,823,898	2,893,597	3,234,010	3,426,717	3,628,960
1,286,099	1,011,537	831,401	-	-	-
71,180	77,159	31,276	25,210	43,096	186,873
187,938	120,938	136,868	700,367	899,651	579,334
21,420,108	21,049,789	20,290,642	19,550,886	20,195,334	20,841,595
4,494,009	4,450,804	4,616,524	4,845,925	4,609,448	4,724,655
2,785,427	2,706,479	2,721,971	2,570,698	2,460,234	2,291,479
6,156,263	6,263,640	6,466,938	6,056,631	5,873,060	5,181,122
692,680	831,869	759,577	708,985	734,006	953,260
4,383,688	4,008,553	4,310,450	4,384,472	4,217,765	4,061,973
1,202,000	1,000,000	1,510,150	1,301,172	1,217,700	1,001,275
841,993	706,016	685,000	635,000	610,000	590,000
245,468	603,384	463,270	486,576	508,451	631,613
1,125,833	931,719	1,112,430	970,344	1,030,857	3,029,468
20,725,361	20,502,464	21,136,160	20,658,631	20,043,821	21,463,570
				- , , -	
\$ 694,747	\$547,325	\$ <u>(845,518)</u>	\$ <u>(1,107,745)</u>	\$ <u>151,513</u>	\$ <u>(621,975)</u>

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 437,984	\$ 298,967	\$ 2,802,442	\$ 343,325
Transfers out	(437,984)	(798,967)	(3,202,442)	(393,325)
Issuance of capital leases	-	130,000	-	-
Sale of capital assets	125	111,916	86,028	56,607
Insurance recoveries	55,084	22,071	23,170	52,117
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of debt	699,405	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds	6,450,000	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,204,614	(236,013)	(290,802)	58,724
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>1,842,458</u>	\$ <u>(112,953)</u>	\$ <u>(4,126)</u>	\$ <u>1,548,419</u>
DEBT SERVICE (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	5.64%	4.58%	4.56%	4.76%

Source: Anderson County financial records

	Fiscal Year											
	2013		2012		2011	1	2010		2009		2008	
\$	381,319	\$	439,988	\$	429,830	\$	403,959	\$	248,787	\$	200,000	
(631,319)	(439,988)	(929,830)	(403,959)	(248,787)	(200,000)	
	-		-		68,010		-		-		-	
	92,204		78,428		45,241		106,583		37,114		1,252,015	
	52,114		-		-		-		-		-	
	-	(8,757,357)		-		-		-		-	
	-		279,958		-		-		-		-	
			8,660,000									
(105,682)		261,029	(386,749)		106,583		37,114		1,252,015	
\$	589,065	\$	808,354	\$ <u>(</u>	1,232,267)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,001,162)	\$	188,627	\$	630,040	

5.71%

2.87%

6.04%

5.64%

6.89%

4.37%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Y	ear			
		2017		2016		2015		2014	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real, Residential, Single Family	\$	827,291,192	19.8% \$	817,493,326	19.3% \$	814,133,623	19.7% \$	801,359,444	19.6%
Real, Residential, Multi Family		33,069,483	0.8%	30,884,163	0.7%	30,751,534	0.7%	31,544,534	0.8%
Real, Vacant Lots/Tracts		13,712,297	0.3%	13,840,948	0.3%	13,884,750	0.3%	14,068,464	0.3%
Real, Acreage (Land Only)		1,015,095,016	24.3%	1,022,872,680	24.2%	1,015,316,310	24.5%	991,298,614	24.3%
Farm and Ranch Improvements		825,677,071	19.8%	788,435,770	18.7%	774,956,670	18.7%	741,143,000	18.1%
Real, Commercial and Industrial		439,232,779	10.5%	440,920,705	10.4%	323,135,942	7.8%	319,521,676	7.8%
Real, Oil, Gas/Other Mineral Reserves		39,385,405	0.9%	90,603,621	2.1%	169,006,062	4.1%	160,476,052	3.9%
Vehicles and Utilities		223,544,647	5.3%	240,552,395	5.7%	254,212,273	6.1%	249,741,124	6.1%
Personal Commercial and Industrial		502,841,039	12.0%	525,142,614	12.4%	494,528,940	12.0%	527,411,304	12.9%
Mobile Homes		54,076,759	1.3%	49,485,027	1.2%	48,766,591	1.2%	49,122,676	1.2%
Tangible Personal, Other		77,593	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	73,846	0.0%
Residential Inventory		710,671	0.0%	680,611	0.0%	711,096	0.0%	567,348	0.0%
Special Inventory		9,663,556	0.2%	9,266,074	0.2%	11,294,521	0.3%	11,055,725	0.3%
Totally Exempt		196,258,381	4.7%	195,970,702	4.6%	186,725,088	4.5%	186,195,528	4.6%
Total Before Exemptions	_	4,180,635,889	100%	4,226,148,636	100%	4,137,423,400	100%	4,083,579,335	100%
Less: Total Exemptions/Reductions		1,628,140,764	-	1,621,616,461	-	1,517,039,065	-	1,476,966,669	
Taxable Assessed Value	\$	2,552,495,125	\$	2,604,532,175	\$	2,620,384,335	\$	2,606,612,666	
Total direct rate		0.57975		0.55108		0.53608		0.5255	

Anderson County Appraisal District

Valuations shown are certified taxable assessed values reported by the Anderson County Appraisal District to the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. Certified values are subject to change throughout the year as contested values are resolved and the Appraisal District updates records.

					Fiscal	Year					
2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	
Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
\$ 793,823,424	19.4% \$	\$ 790,914,434	21.3%	\$ 782,488,246	22.0%	\$ 792,492,968	22.4%	\$ 782,253,616	21.8%	\$ 628,486,293	20.5%
32,763,097	0.8%	29,571,504	0.8%	33,173,215	0.9%	24,904,676	0.7%	25,094,690	0.7%	24,057,540	0.8%
14,319,540	0.3%	13,361,560	0.4%	13,368,919	0.4%	14,117,528	0.4%	13,626,413	0.4%	10,898,545	0.4%
1,168,977,081	28.5%	1,032,477,357	27.8%	899,510,911	25.3%	899,608,754	25.4%	972,332,290	27.1%	724,166,630	23.6%
560,130,045	13.7%	534,413,883	14.4%	518,433,071	14.6%	517,580,313	14.6%	438,599,075	12.2%	334,779,620	10.9%
317,075,925	7.7%	300,305,233	8.1%	297,751,850	8.4%	303,301,177	8.6%	283,002,240	7.9%	265,377,630	8.7%
193,256,847	4.7%	178,036,346	4.8%	171,845,680	4.8%	156,859,267	4.4%	220,134,810	6.1%	220,254,230	7.2%
259,092,388	6.3%	261,095,743	7.0%	227,017,517	6.4%	212,351,312	6.0%	234,201,660	6.5%	219,531,388	7.2%
521,255,718	12.7%	520,218,275	14.0%	561,279,695	15.8%	564,943,246	16.0%	567,462,171	15.8%	590,032,713	19.2%
48,081,246	1.2%	45,427,340	1.2%	43,376,027	1.2%	43,223,944	1.2%	40,170,536	1.1%	38,751,300	1.3%
169,940	0.0%	1,830,035	0.0%	1,807,000	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
576,259	0.0%	612,471	0.0%	830,187	0.0%	658,024	0.0%	697,441	0.0%	682,873	0.0%
8,895,095	0.2%	6,818,800	0.2%	4,778,607	0.1%	6,745,372	0.2%	8,843,430	0.2%	8,440,659	0.3%
 177,228,091	4.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
 4,095,644,696	100%	3,715,082,981	100%	3,555,660,925	100%	3,536,786,581	100%	3,586,418,372	100%	3,065,459,421	100%
 1,467,629,327		1,556,097,328		1,032,264,582		1,045,330,326		1,074,449,922		1,074,449,922	
\$ 2,628,015,369	5	\$ 2,158,985,653		\$ 2,523,396,343		\$ 2,491,456,255		\$ 2,511,968,450		\$	
0.521		0.521		0.511		0.511		0.511		0.511	

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal V	Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014
County direct rotogy				
County direct rates: General	0.508570	0.483764	0.46818	0.45759
Debt Service	0.047830	0.045016	0.04560	0.43739
	0.047850	0.043010	0.04300	0.04501
Permanent Improvement Fund	-	-	-	-
Flood Control	0.02335	0.02230	0.02230	0.02230
Total direct rate	0.57975	0.55108	0.53608	0.52550
Citize				
Cities: City of Elkhart	0.30130	0.29450	0.29720	0.29486
City of Frankston	-	0.37389	0.37389	0.36525
City of Palestine	0.71870	0.64889	0.64889	0.63900
Schools:				
Athens ISD	1.43650	1.96470	1.96470	1.18647
Cayuga ISD	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
Elkhart ISD	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000
Frankston ISD	1.57000	1.57000	1.53000	1.47000
La Poynor ISD	1.36120	1.31600	1.12000	1.12000
Neches ISD	1.45840	1.32840	1.32840	1.36410
Palestine ISD	1.54800	1.56600	1.56600	1.56600
Slocum ISD	1.18800	1.18800	1.18800	1.04000
Westwood ISD	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000
	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000	1117000
Colleges:				
TVCC - Frankston	0.13567	0.12674	0.10360	0.08900
TVCC - Lapoynor	0.13567	0.12674	0.10360	0.08900
TVCC - Palestine	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Anderson County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total direct rate for Anderson County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries.

		Fiscal Y	Year		
2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
0.46629	0.46296	0.46296	0.43712	0.42447	0.43542
0.03241	0.03574	0.03574	0.04933	0.04966	0.05103
-	-	-	-	0.01232	-
0.02230	0.02230	0.02230	0.02455	0.02455	0.02455
0.52100	0.52100	0.52100	0.51100	0.51100	0.51100
0.30212	0.30424	0.30430	0.29540	0.29540	0.30420
0.36525	0.36440	0.37470	0.37480	0.35780	0.35780
0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900
1.18647	1.18647	1.18647	1.18647	1.15338	-
1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
1.36000	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000	1.17000	1.17000
1.47000	1.04000	1.04000	1.13870	1.12400	1.09600
1.12000	1.08200	1.08200	1.08200	1.08200	
1.36410	1.36410	1.32000	1.32000	1.31000	1.31800
1.56600	1.56600	1.54900	1.54900	1.29070	1.28038
1.04000	0.97800	0.95800	0.93800	0.93800	0.93800
1.17000	1.17000	1.17000	1.04000	1.04000	1.00500
0.08900	0.08150	0.07750	0.07440	0.06800	0.06800
0.08900	0.08150	0.07750	0.07440	0.06800	0.06800
0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	0.04730	0.04400	0.04400
-					

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

				Property	y Tax Year		
		2	017			2008	
		Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable	Taxable		Percentage of Total Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value		Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Tanpayor	·	, and o			, unite	<u>rtuint</u>	, uiuo
Wal-Mart Stores # Div Store	\$	99,058,084	1	3.78%	N/A*		
Energy Transfer Fuel LP		61,147,309	2	2.33%	N/A		
Atmos Energy/Mid-Tex Pipeline		56,191,811	3	2.14%	N/A		
Union Pacific Railroad Co.		38,484,171	4	1.47%	N/A		
Oncor Electric Delivery Co. LLC		36,189,259	5	1.38%	N/A		
Legacy Reserves		19,117,996	6	0.73%	N/A		
North Arkansas Wholesale Co. Inc.		18,966,562	7	0.72%	N/A		
Enbridge Pipelines (East TX)		13,991,753	8	0.53%	N/A		
Palestine Principal Healthcare Ltd		13,481,254	9	0.51%	N/A		
JLA Resources Company		13,123,258	10	0.50%	N/A	_	
Total	\$	369,751,457		<u>14.11</u> %	\$		%
Total taxable assessed value	\$	2,620,384,335		100.00%	N/A		%

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

* Property values are not available for 2008

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Total Collections											
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy		bsequent		Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2017	\$	13,769,384	\$ 13,300,068	96.59%	\$	-	\$	13,300,068	96.59%			
2016		13,437,425	13,116,811	97.61%		135,336		13,116,811	97.61%			
2015		13,683,922	13,270,530	96.98%		207,398		13,477,928	98.49%			
2014		13,695,822	12,957,585	94.61%		571,149		13,528,734	98.78%			
2013		13,695,340	12,979,649	94.77%		589,974		13,569,623	99.08%			
2012		12,964,594	12,714,070	98.07%		142,955		12,857,025	99.17%			
2011		12,892,333	12,324,398	95.59%		489,399		12,813,797	99.39%			
2010		12,423,897	12,024,885	96.79%		329,237		12,354,122	99.44%			
2009		12,611,695	12,051,772	95.56%		499,521		12,551,293	99.52%			
2008		11,841,494	11,262,048	95.11%		532,949		11,794,997	99.61%			

Source: Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		G	overnm	ental Activiti	ies						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ^a		Certificates of Obligation		Capital Leases		Total Long-term Debt		Percentage of Personal Income ^b	l	Per Capita ^b
2017	\$ 13	3,317,966	\$	-	\$	77,061	\$	13,395,027	0.70%	\$	232
2016	-	7,160,196		-		119,549		7,279,745	0.40%		126
2015	8	3,090,939		-		-		8,090,939	0.44%		138
2014	ç	9,001,682		-		-		9,001,682	0.49%		156
2013	Ģ	9,877,425		-		-		9,877,425	0.56%		170
2012	Ģ	9,928,507		215,000		21,994		10,165,501	0.60%		175
2011	7	7,563,678		3,155,000		43,010		10,761,688	0.68%		185
2010	7	7,895,000		3,355,000		-		11,250,000	0.75%		192
2009	8	8,340,000		3,545,000		-		11,885,000	0.79%		209
2008	8	8,765,000		3,730,000		-		12,495,000	0.84%		220

Source: Anderson County financial records

Notes: a - Presented net of original issue premiums.

b - See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING^a

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		General	Bond	led Debt Ou	itstan	ding							
Fiscal Year	(General Obligation Bonds ^d	Certificates of Obligation		Total		Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service		Net General Bonded Debt		Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^b	Per Capita	ı ^c
2017	\$	13,317,966	\$	-	\$	13,317,966	\$	471,168	\$	12,846,798	0.49%	\$ 22	22
2016		7,160,196		-		7,160,196		541,024		6,619,172	0.25%	11	5
2015		8,090,939		-		8,090,939		472,571		7,618,368	0.29%	13	30
2014		9,001,682		-		9,001,682		335,952		8,665,730	0.33%	15	50
2013		9,877,425		-		9,877,425		217,210		9,660,215	0.37%	16	57
2012		9,928,507		215,000		10,143,507		518,926		9,624,581	0.37%	16	55
2011		7,435,000		3,155,000		10,590,000		704,685		9,885,315	0.39%	17	0'
2010		7,895,000	-	3,355,000		11,250,000		544,907		10,705,093	0.42%	18	33
2009		8,340,000	-	3,545,000		11,885,000		666,221		11,218,779	0.45%	19	97
2008		8,765,000		3,730,000		12,495,000		718,850		11,776,150	0.47%	20)8

Source: Anderson County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 5 for property value data.

- c See Table 13 for population data.
- d Presented net of original issue premiums.

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

(Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	 Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Overlapping Anderson County	(Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
County-wide						
Anderson County	\$ 13,395,027	100%	\$	13,395,027		
Total direct debt					\$	13,395,027
Cities						
City of Palestine	 11,449,000	100%		11,449,000		
Total Cities				11,449,000		
School District (% of assessed value)						
Part of Athens ISD	73,810,000	0.30%		221,430		
Elkhart ISD	14,588,000	96.41%		14,064,291		
Frankston ISD	15,036,275	67.88%		10,206,623		
Part of La Poynor ISD	8,496,000	22.16%		1,882,714		
Neches ISD	3,950,000	100%		3,950,000		
Palestine ISD	61,155,000	100%		61,155,000		
Slocum ISD	4,214,000	100%		4,214,000		
Total School Districts				95,694,058		
Total indirect debt					_	107,143,058
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	120,538,085

Source: http://www.mactexas.com

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Fisc	cal Year	
	2017	2016	2015	2014
Assessed value of real property Debt limit rate	\$ 2,552,495,125 5%		\$ 2,620,384,335 5%	\$ 2,606,609,666 <u>5</u> %
Debt limit Debt applicable to limit:	127,624,756	130,226,609	131,019,217	130,330,483
Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	13,317,966 471,168	· · ·	8,090,939 472,571	9,001,682 335,952
Total net debt applicable to limit	12,846,798	6,619,172	7,618,368	8,665,730
Legal debt margin	\$114,777,958	<u>\$ 123,607,437</u>	\$123,400,849	\$121,664,753
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.079	% 5.08%	5.81%	6.65%

Source: Anderson County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of twothirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

	Fiscal Year											
	2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	2009		
\$	2,620,384,335 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,628,015,369 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,558,035,425 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,524,008,207 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,491,727,536 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,511,676,692 <u>5</u> %	
_	131,019,217	_	131,400,768	_	127,901,771		126,200,410	_	124,586,377		125,583,835	
_	9,001,682 217,210 8,665,730	-	9,877,425 518,926 9,358,499		10,358,507 704,685 9,653,822	_	11,250,000 544,907 10,705,093	_	11,885,000 666,221 11,218,779	_	12,495,000 718,850 11,776,150	
\$	122,353,487	\$	122,042,269	\$	117,311,771	\$	115,495,317	\$	113,367,598	\$	113,807,685	
	6.61%		7.12%		7.55%		8.48%		9.00%		9.38%	

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Personal	County			State of Texas	United States
Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2017	57,741	\$ 1,903,955	\$ 32,978	8,850	3.6%	\$ 46,942	\$ 50,392
2016	57,734	1,825,000	31,500	8,539	3.9%	47,636	49,571
2015	58,458	1,859,841	31,815	8,449	4.0%	46,745	47,669
2014	57,627	1,833,414	31,815	8,305	4.8%	45,426	44,765
2013	57,938	1,757,310	30,200	8,192	5.8%	43,552	44,543
2012	58,190	1,688,944	28,966	8,339	7.7%	41,471	42,693
2011	58,308	1,576,696	27,041	8,464	8.9%	39,493	41,560
2010	58,458	1,502,709	26,229	8,473	9.5%	37,706	39,791
2009	57,001	1,497,051	26,264	8,509	8.6%	38,546	38,637
2008	56,709	1,491,400	26,299	8,464	5.7%	37,774	40,947

Sources:

- a Texas Workforce Commission, U. S Census Bureau, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		20	17 **	2	.008
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment
Texas Department of Criminal Justice	Criminal Justice Poultry Food Processing &	2,645	4.58%	NA	NA
Sanderson Farms	Hatchery	1,075	1.86%	NA	NA
Wal-Mart Distribution Center #6036	Warehousing & Storage	740	1.28%	NA	NA
Wal-Mart Distribution Center #6005	Warehousing & Storage	520	0.90%	NA	NA
Palestine Regional Medical Center	Hospital	560	0.97%	NA	NA
Palestine ISD	Independent School District	520	0.90%	NA	NA
Walmart Supercenter #0345	Retail Store	390	0.68%	NA	NA
Westwood ISD	Independent School District	265	0.46%	NA	NA
Legacy at Town Creek	Nursing Facility	250	0.43%	NA	NA
Anderson County	County Government	250	0.43%	NA	NA
The Results Company	Call Center	250	0.43%	NA	NA
Eagle Railcar - Elkhart	Railcar Repair	200	0.35%	NA	NA
City of Palestine	City Government	180	0.31%	NA	NA
Lowe's	Home Centers	145	0.25%	NA	NA
Union Pacific Railroad (Car Shop & Freight Claims)	Railroad	130	0.23%	NA	NA
	Oil trucking, drilling &		0.210/		
MKS Services	workover	120	0.21%	NA	NA
Kroger Food Store	Food Store	90	0.16%	NA	NA
Brookshire Food Store	Food Store	75	0.13%	NA	NA
Columbia National Scientific Balloon Facility	National Scientific Balloon Facility	75	0.13%	NA	NA
Greenbriar Nursing of Palestine	Nursing Facility	75	0.13%	NA	NA
Kim's Convenience Stores	Retail Store	70	0.12%	NA	NA
Frankston Packaging - Frankston	Packaging Manufacturer	65	0.11%	NA	NA
Palestine Healthcare Center	Nursing Facility	60	0.10%	NA	NA
Gerry Red Convenience Stores	Retail Store	50	0.09%	NA	NA
Windermere at Cartmell	Senior Living & Senior Care	48	0.08%	NA	NA
ETA Global	Aircraft Fastener Distribution	45	0.08%	NA	NA
			0.000/		
Ben E Keith	Beer/ Ale & Beverage	45	0.08%	NA	NA
Oncor	Electric Power Distribution	45	0.08%	NA	NA
US Post Office	Federal Government Post Office	45	0.08%	NA	NA
Total		9,028	15.64%	NA	NA

Sources: Palestine Economic Development

* The requirement for this schedule is for the current year and nine years ago. Only the current year data is available at this time.

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FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General government:										
Elected/appointed officials	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other	20	22	21	21	20	21	21	20	19	19
Building maintenance	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Information technology	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Emergency management	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial:										
Judges/justices of the peace	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant prosecutors	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4
Investigators	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Other	37	35	35	35	36	34	34	34	35	35
Public safety:										
County Sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol/CID	32	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	30
Jailers	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	34
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Communications	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7
Health and welfare	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	7	7
Roads and highways:										
County Commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Road employees	44	44	44	44	43	40	40	40	40	41
Total	225	226	225	225	224	220	220	218	220	214

Source:

Anderson County Audit Office

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government:					
Auditor's office:					
AP and payroll checks processed	5,063	5,268	5,601	6,602	6,760
Purchase orders issued	4,237	2,926	5,326	4,674	3,749
Treasurer's office:					
Cash receipts issued	1,891	1,954	2,096	2,055	2,080
County Clerk:					
Marriage licenses issued	382	12	370	420	191
Declarations of informal marriage	10	2	4	14	2
Birth certificates issued	1,979	2,360	2,235	2,314	1,050
Death certificates issued	339	294	411	549	221
Tax office:					
Title transactions	10,641	10,766	10,836	10,917	12,099
Registration transactions	59,954	63,220	64,451	50,685	51,131
Tax certificates issued	1,774	1,564	N/A	1,645	1,407
Liquor receipts issued	43	56	N/A	41	34
Elections administration:					
Number of registered voters	27,713	26,402	25,864	26,938	26,204
Number that voted	1,078	17,109	3,098	10,227	N/A
Voted percentage	3.89%	63.00%	11.98%	37.96%	N/A
Judicial:					
District Court:					
Criminal cases disposed	570	741	768	1,421	472
Civil cases disposed	571	1,224	536	562	454
Total cases	1,141	1,724	1,304	263	1,194
County Court:					
Criminal cases disposed	870	1,200	1,206	1,469	828
Civil cases disposed	532	209	242	192	19
Juvenile cases disposed	10	N/A	N/A	47	24
Justices of the Peace:					
Cases filed	10,207	9,895	7,309	7,658	8,479
Cases disposed	4,994	5,649	6,725	8,273	8,143
Inquests	121	N/A	84	N/A	71

Source: Various County Departments

Fiscal Year										
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008						
6,170	7,655	8,534	9,242	9,619						
3,739	3,382	3,642	3,443	3,350						
1,949	1,866	1,846	1,959	2,060						
379	433	412	369	424						
9	16	3	7	10						
2,530	2,900	2,767	2,774	2,935						
976	1,509	2,380	237	2,790						
12,298	10,953	9,878	9,485	10,593						
69,686	50,953	49,920	49,684	50,002						
1,583	1,313	1,354	1,497	1,787						
20	41	44	87	72						
26,494	22,026	22,026	20,916	19,888						
16,168	N/A	10,968	N/A	16,655						
61.03%	N/A	40.97%	N/A	60.29%						
472	391	657	600	625						
536	489	852	737	831						
1,307	1,179	1,509	1,337	1,456						
N/A	N/A	N/A	1,421	1,626						
N/A	N/A	604	870	844						
N/A	N/A	22	39	21						
8,171	5,578	5,171	7,477	7,918						
6,731	5,717	5,565	6,730	7,411						
N/A	112	130	110	101						

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year								
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013				
Public safety:									
County jail:									
Annual food cost	259,309	337,266	363,772	317,488	276,608				
Law enforcement:									
Offense reports	1,386	1,263	1,206	1,292	1,281				
New cases	801	746	769	824	882				
Cases cleared	316	415	506	399	456				
Warrants received	1,469	1,462	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Warrants executed	1,323	1,871	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Reserve hours	401	669	777	1,150	1,282				
Communications:									
Calls for service	13,830	14,447	14,112	14,565	14,867				
911 calls	20,357	22,238	24,499	26,197	39,578				
Total calls to communication	738,400	779,071	849,989	819,929	400,668				
Fleet operations:									
Miles driven	772,629	779,339	675,681	719,175	837,275				
Average fleet MPG	16	17	17	17	17				
Traffic stops	997	1,493	N/A	1,413	1,544				
Citations issued	689	838	N/A	226	341				
Civil process:									
Papers served	2,477	2,364	2,152	2,677	2,628				
Writs completed	259	192	2,151	229	422				
Health and welfare:									
Number of pauper burial/cremation	N/A	1	-	2	2				

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

		Fiscal Year		
2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
251,960	278,401	258,695	280,126	263,217
1 200	1 205	1 000	1.246	1.250
1,388	1,307	1,093	1,346	1,370
875	965	844	927	779
496	416	317	357	280
1,668	2,112	1,786	2,353	2,511
531	1,814	2,152	2,117	2,237
1,566	2,101	2,710	2,899	3,144
15,561	15,706	14,521	13,688	9,967
27,338	24,556	21,705	21,663	17,501
390,207	292,194	235,109	297,221	250,204
,	,	,	,	,
741,580	791,445	744,166	727,473	741,280
17	18	18	18	18
1,486	1,892	620	1,001	636
205	227	285	442	211
2,623	2,599	2,881	2,627	2,918
431	379	274	309	260
101	017		007	200
2	3	3	2	2
2	5	5	2	2

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS **BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General government:										
Land	\$ 1,810,032				, , ,	1,736,715 \$	1,736,715 \$	1,736,715 \$	1,736,715 \$	1,736,715
Construction in progress	390,146	154,415	57,986	10,400	177,400	-	843,262	825,551	770,130	1,427,561
Buildings and improvements	24,668,556	24,668,556	24,678,956	24,290,548	24,026,479	23,951,751	23,616,750	23,352,566	22,973,228	22,232,271
Machinery and equipment	3,680,359	3,112,816	4,200,196	2,799,848	2,836,803	2,774,253	1,816,519	1,649,375	1,851,924	3,395,447
Total general government	30,549,093	29,745,819	30,747,170	28,910,828	28,774,197	28,462,719	28,013,246	27,564,207	27,331,997	28,791,994
Judicial	329,827	301,129	289,804	319,796	315,786	262,170	103,359	97,102	86,167	99,456
Public safety	3,464,191	3,530,044	3,214,387	3,449,645	2,651,929	2,678,613	3,126,525	2,840,441	2,827,077	1,207,499
Social services	75,295	65,151	63,866	53,737	53,737	51,307	15,830	14,609	12,957	10,245
Roads and bridges	62,265,583	57,421,753	54,975,144	54,409,155	54,130,710	53,421,601	52,882,986	51,796,826	50,787,909	49,721,937
Total capital assets	\$96,683,989	\$91,063,896 \$	89,290,371 \$	87,143,161 \$	85,926,359 \$	84,876,410 \$	84,141,946 \$	82,313,185 \$	81,046,107 \$	79,831,131

Sources:

County Auditor Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

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PATTILLO, BROWN & HILL, L.L.P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Anderson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas ("the County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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TEMPLE, TX 254.791.3460 ALBUOUEROUE, NM

505.266.5904



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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2018



PATTILLO, BROWN & HILL, L.L.P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Anderson County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Anderson County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (*Uniform Guidance*). Those standards and the *Uniform Guidance* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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ALBUQUERQUE, NM 505.266.5904



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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency:				
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety:				
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00204	\$ 55,232	\$ -
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00221	38,046	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00222	50,538	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00140	3,330	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00223	64,872	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00224	8,488	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00270	76,278	-
Public Assistance Grant Incident #4269	97.036	PA-06-TX-4269-PW-00090	139,154	
Subtotal			435,938	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	17TX-EMPG-1128	34,248	
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safe	ty		470,186	
Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor:				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	3269801	301	
Total Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor			301	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security/				
Federal Emergency Management Agency			470,487	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed through the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services:				
Foster Care_Title IV-E	93.658	23938978	2,555	_
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Family and		23730710		
Protective Services			2,555	
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services			2,555	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture: Community Development Block Grants Total Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developme	14.228	7215010	\$ 228,113 228,113 228,113	\$ <u> </u>
U.S. Department of Justice Passed through the Texas Office of the Governor/Criminal Justi Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance	ice Division: 16.588 16.575	2009209	37,812 80,899	-
Total Passed through the Office of the Governor/Criminal. Division		3083302	118,711	
Total U.S. Department of Justice Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>118,711</u> \$ <u>819,866</u>	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note I of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The SEFA presents the activity of all applicable federal awards programs of the County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the SEFA.

Indirect Costs

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the *Uniform Guidance*.

Public Assistance Grant Expenditures

The \$435,938 of expenditures for PA-06-TX-4269 (CFDA 97.036) were incurred in the prior year but are reported on the SEFA for the year ended December 31, 2017, the period during which the related PWs were approved.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements: Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	None
Federal Awards: Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 100.516?	None
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s): 97.036	Name of Program or Cluster: Disaster Grants - Public Assistance
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs.	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
<u>Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are</u> <u>Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally</u> <u>Accepted Government Auditing Standards</u>	
None	

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None