COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Prepared by: Anderson County Auditor's Office

Karin Smith, County Auditor

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i-iv
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	v
Organizational Chart	vi
Principal Officials	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 – 9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	17
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	18
Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	20 – 39
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress for Employee Retirement System	40
Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health Plan	41
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	42 – 44
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	45
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	46 - 47
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	48 – 49

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

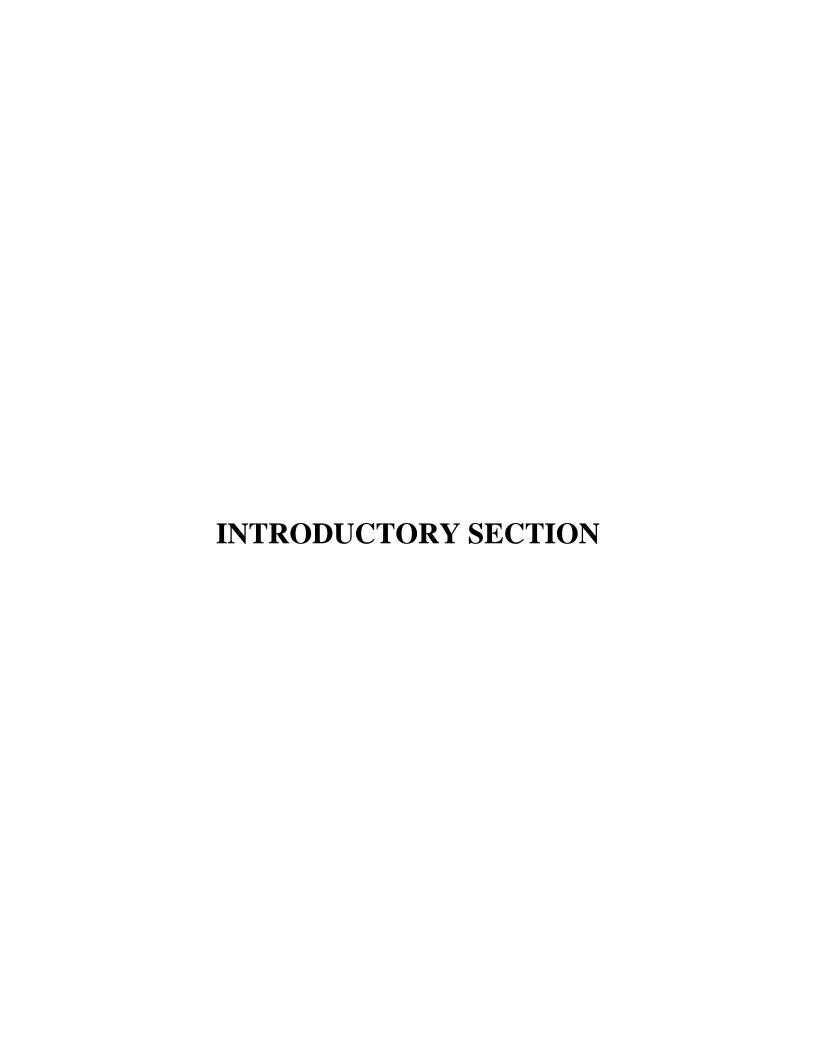
TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Farm to Market and Lateral Road Law Library Court Reporter Debt Service Fund		50 51 52 53
Fiduciary Funds:		
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities (All Agency Funds)		54 – 55
	<u>Table</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)		
Financial Trends:		
Net Position by Component	1	56 - 57
Changes in Net Position	2	58 - 61
Governmental Fund Balances	3	62 - 63
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	4	64 - 67
Revenue Capacity:		
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	5	68
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	6	69 - 70
Principal Taxpayers – Current and Nine Years Ago	7	71
Property Tax Levies and Collections	8	72

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Table</u>	Page <u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)		
Debt Capacity:		
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	9	73
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	10	74
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	11	75
Legal Debt Margin Information	12	76 - 77
Demographic and Economic Information:		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	13	78
Principal Employers	14	79
Operating Information:		
Fulltime Employees by Function	15	80
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	16	81 - 84
Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics	17	85
COMPLIANCE SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over		
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters		
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in		
Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	•••••	86 - 87





Karin Smith County Auditor



ANDERSON COUNTY AUDITOR 703 N. Mallard St. Suite 110 Palestine, TX 75801 Phone: (903) 723-7401

Fax: (903) 723-7808

June 26, 2015

The Honorable Board of District Judges, The Anderson County Commissioners' Court and Citizens of Anderson County

In compliance with *Texas Local Government Code, §114.025*, the financial statements of Anderson County, Texas are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to the requirement, we hereby submit the comprehensive annual financial report of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Anderson County. Therefore, management of the County assumes the responsibility for accuracy, completeness, fairness and reliability of the financial data presented in this report, including all disclosures. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Anderson County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judges, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Anderson County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Anderson County's financial statements are

fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the county's organizational chart and a list of officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Anderson County's MD&A can be found in the financial section following the report of the independent auditors. The financial section of this report also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF ANDERSON COUNTY

Anderson County is located in East Texas between the Trinity and the Neches rivers. Palestine, the county's largest town and its county seat, is 108 miles southeast of Dallas and 153 miles north of Houston. U.S. highways 287, 79, and 84 provide the major transportation routes through the county. Anderson County is the 52nd largest of the 254 counties in Texas; with a 2010 census population of 58,458. Significant cities in Anderson County include Palestine, the county seat, Elkhart, and Frankston. Anderson County falls within the 11th Texas congressional districts and the 3rd Texas senatorial district. The county consists of 1,077 square miles with a 2000 population density 51.2 residents per square mile.

Anderson County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners

Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Anderson County is enhanced when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Anderson County operates.

Local Economy - Anderson County maintains a relatively stable local economy. The County has a somewhat limited tax base and economic employment base with the top ten taxpayers in the County accounting for approximately 16% of the County's tax base.

Primary employers in the County include the Texas Department of Corrections facility (3,104 employees), a Wal-Mart Stores Inc. distributing center (530), and Palestine Regional Medical Center (560). For March 2015, the county's unemployment rate of 4.0% was lower than the state's rate of 4.2% and below the national average of 5.5%.

The County's tax base increased in 2014 over 2013, but still remains lower than 2012. The Commissioners' Court is continuing to take a conservative approach to the allocation of resources in order to ensure that the County is prepared for economic fluctuations.

Relevant Financial Policies – The County adopts a one-year budget as part of its financial planning process. The budgets along with the financial policies of the County serve as the basis for the overall fiscal management of the county's resources. The budget implements strategies, both financial and operational, identified through the strategic and long-range planning process to meet existing challenges and to effectively plan for future needs. Goals and objectives are incorporated into policy statements which are continually reevaluated to provide the necessary structure for achieving these goals.

Long-term Financial Planning – Long term financial planning goals include the following:

- Operate the County government in the most fiscally responsible manner possible.
- Control expenditures by implementing cost savings measures at any opportunity.
- Promote a favorable environment for retaining and expanding existing businesses while attracting a wide variety of new businesses to provide economic growth and development which will provide sufficient resources to fund County operations while mitigating the overall tax burden on County taxpayers.
- Implement technological solutions to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of operations, reporting and delivering services to citizens.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Anderson County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This was the third consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Anderson County was awarded the 2012, 2013 and 2014 Leadership Circle Gold Award by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The Leadership Circle recognizes local governments across Texas that are striving to meet a high standard for financial transparency online by opening their books to the public; providing a clear, consistent picture of spending; and sharing information in a user-friendly format. The Gold designation highlights those entities that are setting the bar in their transparency efforts.

The successful completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office and the professional services provided by our independent auditors, Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP. I wish to express my gratitude to the District Judges, the Commissioners Court, and the other County officials and departments for their support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Karin Smith

Anderson County Auditor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

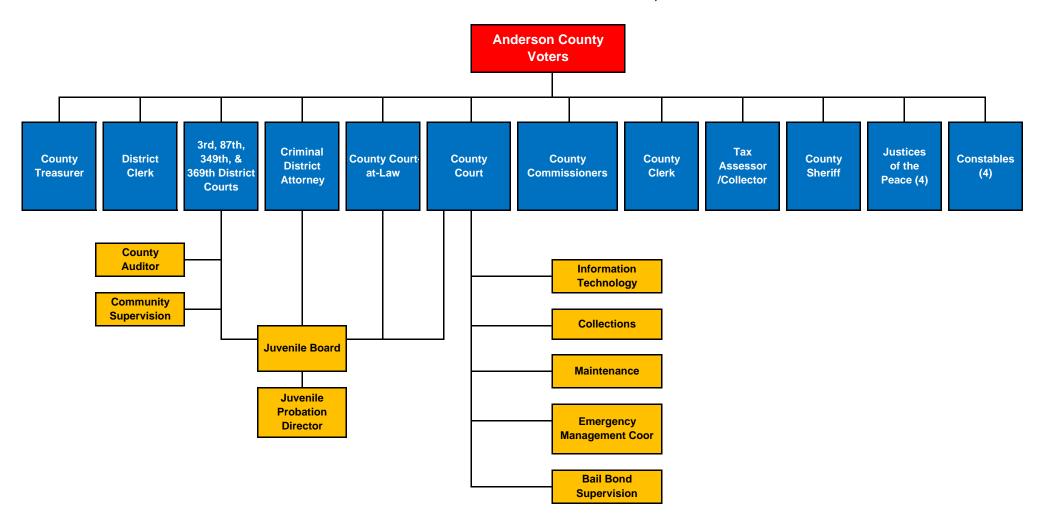
Anderson County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Commissioners Court

Robert D. Johnston County Judge

Greg Chapin Commissioner, Precinct 1
Rashad Q. Mims I Commissioner, Precinct 2
Kenneth Dickson Commissioner, Precinct 3
Joseph A. Hill Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judicial

Mark Calhoon

Deborah Oakes Evans

Pam Foster Fletcher

Bascom W. Bentley, III

Brendan J. Doran

Judge, 3rd District Court

Judge, 87th District Court

Judge, 349th District Court

Judge, 369th District Court

Judge, County Court of Law

Law Enforcement

Greg Taylor County Sheriff

Doug Lowe Criminal District Attorney

Emily Lane * Chief Juvenile Probation Director

Financial Administration

Karin Smith* County Auditor
Tara Holliday County Treasurer

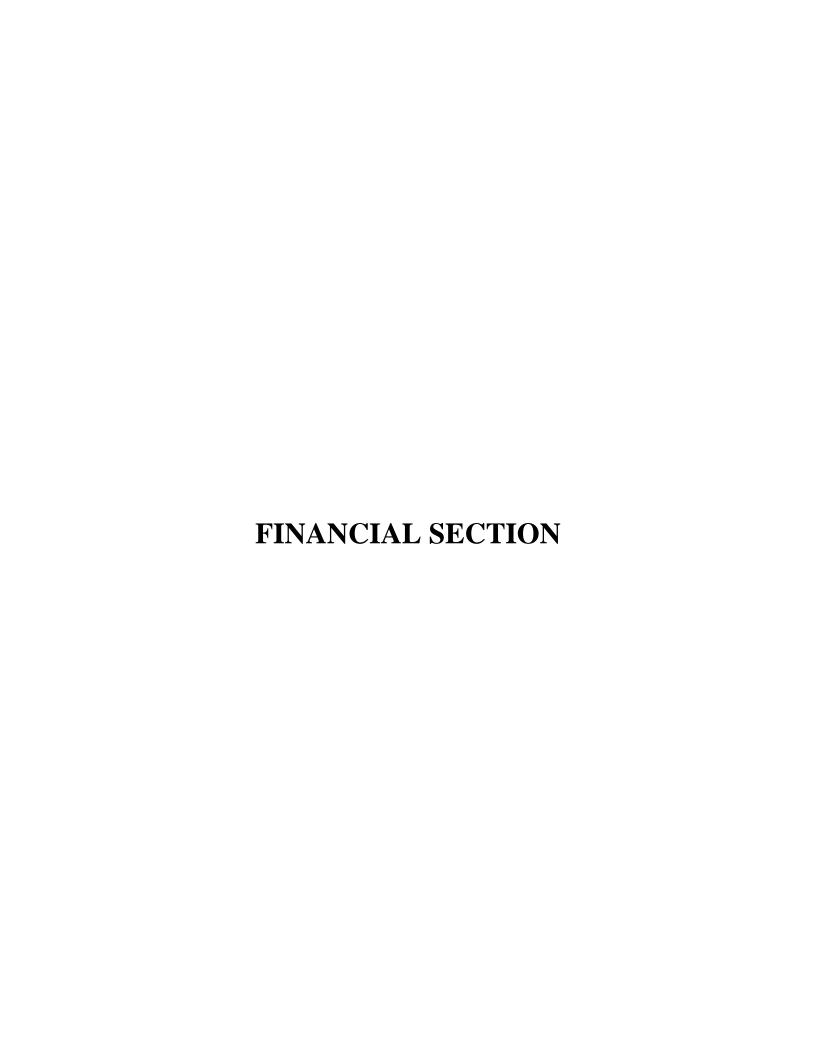
Teri Garvey County Tax Assessor/Collector

Recording Officials

Janice G. Staples District Clerk Wanda N. Burke County Clerk

^{*}Denotes appointed officials. All others listed are elected.









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Anderson County, Texas

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

956.544.7778

TEMPLE, TX 254.791.3460 An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, and the Schedules of Funding Progress for the retirement plan for the employees of Anderson County, Texas, and the retiree health plan for the employees of Anderson County, Texas, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Anderson County, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2015, on our consideration of Anderson County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Anderson County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 26, 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Anderson County, we offer readers of Anderson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Anderson County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The net position of Anderson County at the close of the most recent fiscal year was \$35,075,309. Of this amount, \$9,107,172 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

- The County's total net position increased by \$1,650,908 from operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Anderson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,829,610, an increase of \$1,548,419 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,006,335, or 47% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Anderson County's basic financial statements. Anderson County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Anderson County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Anderson County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the net difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Anderson County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Anderson County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Anderson County include general government, judicial, public safety, social services, and roads and bridges.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Anderson County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Anderson County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Anderson County maintains 15 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, or the Capital Projects Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses its Internal Service Fund to account for its health insurance. This internal service function has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining fund statements and schedules that further support the information in the financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Anderson County, net position was \$35,075,309 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Anderson County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, is 66.5% of net position. Anderson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although Anderson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Anderson County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	2014	2013				
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 19,632,163 32,331,139 51,963,302	\$ 17,721,292 32,858,822 50,580,114				
Deferred outflows of resources	474,269	526,965				
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	10,690,854 995,635 11,686,489	11,394,883 1,253,241 12,648,124				
Deferred inflows of resources	5,675,773	5,034,554				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	23,329,457 2,638,680 9,107,172	22,981,397 2,418,917 8,024,087				
Total net position	\$ 35,075,309	\$ 33,424,401				

An additional portion of Anderson County's net position, \$2,638,680 (7.5%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$9,107,172 (26.0%), may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Anderson County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Anderson County's net position by \$1,650,908.

Anderson County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
REVENUES					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,347,655	\$ 3,929,732			
Operating grants and contributions	715,435	656,903			
Capital grants and contributions	696,798	38,782			
General revenues:					
Property taxes	13,571,243	13,519,429			
Sales taxes	2,813,092	2,489,686			
Other taxes	27,201	31,201			
Investment earnings	45,317	71,189			
Gain on sale of capital assets	108,724	141,118			
Miscellaneous	200,328	436,099			
Total revenues	22,525,793	21,314,139			
EXPENSES					
General government	4,915,917	5,487,449			
Judicial	2,969,561	2,870,623			
Public safety	6,703,245	6,503,707			
Social services	734,149	710,814			
Roads and bridges	5,320,372	4,976,753			
Interest on long-term debt	231,641	133,570			
Total expenses	20,874,885	20,682,916			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,650,908	631,223			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	33,424,401	32,968,360			
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE		(175,182)			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 35,075,309	\$ 33,424,401			

Sales taxes increased \$323,406 due to increased sales and overall economic improvement. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$658,016 and operating grants and contributions increased by \$58,532 as a result in changes in funding activities from granting agencies, including the contribution of equipment for the Sheriff's Office. General government expenses decreased by \$571,532. This decrease was the result of a reduction in utility and fuel costs. Additionally, road and bridge expenses increased by \$343,619. This is related to an increase in road repairs and maintenance costs for fiscal year 2014.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Anderson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Anderson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Anderson County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Anderson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,006,335. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 47% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of Anderson County's General Fund increased by \$1,347,262 during the current fiscal year. In total, revenues of the General Fund increased \$100,264. Property tax collections decreased by \$357,262 and sales tax collections increased by 323,406. The decrease in the property tax collections can be attributed to a decrease in the M&O tax rate for 2014. The increase in sales taxes can be attributed to an increase in economic activity within the County for 2014. Expenditures for the General Fund for 2014 are within \$2,563 of the prior year. There was a decrease of \$128,770 in public safety because of a reduction in utility and fuel costs. Capital outlay in the General Fund increased by \$284,025.

Proprietary Fund. Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Fund is \$47,711. The Internal Service Fund experienced a decrease in total net position during 2013 in the amount of \$38,939.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts in the General Fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted by \$633,916, primarily due to economic factors and conservative revenue estimates. The County experienced slight increases in anticipated revenues from sales tax and fines and fees.
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$691,586, primarily due to budgetary controls and adherence to adopted budget across all departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. Anderson County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2014, amount to \$32,331,139 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Anderson County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Governmental Activities					
2014			2013		
\$	1,810,032	\$	1,733,515		
	17,361,685		17,737,610		
	10,737,473		10,904,040		
	2,411,549		2,306,257		
_	10,400		177,400		
\$	32.331.139	\$	32,858,822		
	\$ 	\$ 1,810,032 17,361,685 10,737,473 2,411,549	\$ 1,810,032 \$ 17,361,685 10,737,473 2,411,549 10,400		

Major additions to the County's capital assets include two road and bridge shop buildings.

Additional information on Anderson County's capital assets can be found in note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Anderson County had total bonded debt of \$8,770,000.

Anderson County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds

	Governmental Activities				
		2014		2013	
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	\$	545,000 8,225,000	\$	1,065,000 8,555,000	
Total	\$	8,770,000	\$	9,620,000	

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 5% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for Anderson County is \$131,019,217, which is significantly in excess of the Anderson County outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 3 in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors currently affect Anderson County and were considered in developing the 2015 fiscal year budget:

- The unemployment rate for Anderson County is currently 4.8 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 5.8 percent a year ago because of economic growth in the County. Job growth is expected to continue in Anderson County due to the addition of new businesses such as Sanderson Farms.
- The property tax rate increased .86 percent in 2014 due to a decrease in mineral valuations and increase in recurring expenditure obligations. Mineral valuations are expected to continue to decline over the next couple of years and will affect the 2015 and 2016 budget and tax rates.
- Declines in the taxable assessed values due to mineral loss will continue to affect Anderson County's tax base.
- The addition of new business property valuations is expected to add taxable valuation, but due to tax abatements granted by the County, the added valuation will occur over the next ten years.
- Interest rates are expected to remain at record low levels throughout the next fiscal year.
- On the expenditure side, increases are expected in health insurance, as well as pension and other employee benefit costs.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Anderson County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Auditor's office, 703 N. Mallard, Suite 110, Palestine, TX 75801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 16,322,335
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	
Accounts	962,034
Property taxes	1,331,790
Other taxes	628,385
Due from other governments	32,112
Prepaid expenses	355,507
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Non-depreciable	1,820,432
Depreciable	30,510,707
Total assets	51,963,302
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred loss on bond refunding	474,269
Total deferred outflows of resources	474,269
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	360,713
Accrued liabilities	383,759
Due to other governments	129,236
Other payables	46,575
Accrued interest payable	75,352
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	957,305
Due in more than one year	9,733,549
Total liabilities	11,686,489
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Advance property tax collections	5,675,773
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,675,773
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	23,329,457
Restricted for:	
Roads and bridges	338,072
Judicial operations	959,267
Public safety operations	179,289
Social services operations	25,254
Capital acquisition and construction	800,846
Debt service	335,952
Unrestricted	9,107,172
Total net position	\$ 35,075,309

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

									Reven	t (Expense) ue and Changes
						gram Revenu	es		ir	Net Position
						Operating		Capital		
			(Charges for		Grants and		Frants and		overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	4,915,917	\$	2,902,667	\$	-	\$	-	\$(2,013,250)
Judicial		2,969,561		641,965		246,976		-	(2,080,620)
Public safety		6,703,245		799,433		445,387		660,000	(4,798,425)
Social services		734,149		-		18,572		36,798	(678,779)
Roads and bridges		5,320,372		3,590		4,500		-	(5,312,282)
Interest on long-term debt	_	231,641	_	<u>-</u>					(231,641)
Total governmental activities	\$_	20,874,885	\$ <u></u>	4,347,655	\$	715,435	\$	696,798	(15,114,997)
	Ge	eneral revenues	s:							
		Taxes:								
		Property to	axes							13,571,243
		Sales taxe	S							2,813,092
		Other taxe	es							27,201
		Investment ea	rning	gs						45,317
		Gain on sale of	of cap	oital assets						108,724
		Miscellaneous	S							200,328
		Total g	gener	al revenues						16,765,905
		C	hang	e in net positi	on					1,650,908
	Ne	et position, beg	innin	ıg						33,424,401
	Nε	et position, end	ing						\$	35,075,309

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General	Other Governmental	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 13,053,529	\$ 3,216,853	\$ 16,270,382	
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:				
Accounts	962,034	-	962,034	
Property taxes	1,110,632	221,158	1,331,790	
Other taxes	628,385	-	628,385	
Prepaid expenditures	322,266	-	322,266	
Due from other governments	600	31,512	32,112	
Due from other funds		50	50	
Total assets	16,077,446	3,469,573	19,547,019	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	347,549	13,164	360,713	
Accrued liabilities	342,305	3,821	346,126	
Due to other governments	129,236	-	129,236	
Due to other funds	200	-	200	
Other payables	28,515	18,060	46,575	
Total liabilities	847,805	35,045	882,850	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Advance property tax collections	4,955,277	720,496	5,675,773	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,055,760	213,023	1,268,783	
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	890,003		890,003	
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,901,040	933,519	7,834,559	
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenditures	322,266	-	322,266	
Restricted for:				
Roads and bridges	-	227,139	227,139	
Judicial operations	-	959,267	959,267	
Public safety operations	-	168,380	168,380	
Social services operations	-	25,254	25,254	
Capital acquisition and construction	-	800,846	800,846	
Debt service	-	320,123	320,123	
Unassigned	8,006,335		8,006,335	
Total fund balances	8,328,601	2,501,009	10,829,610	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$ <u>16,077,446</u>	\$ 3,469,573	\$ 19,547,019	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds:	\$	10,829,610
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		32,331,139
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		
		47,711
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		2,158,786
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,766,206)
The deferred loss on bond refunding is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	=	474,269
Net position of governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	35,075,309

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Total
		Other	Governmental
	General	Governmental	Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 11,785,762	\$ 1,751,823	\$ 13,537,585
Sales	2,813,092	-	2,813,092
Mixed beverage	27,201	-	27,201
Intergovernmental	461,014	591,594	1,052,608
Fees of office	2,801,301	236,339	3,037,640
Fines and forfeitures	670,207	429,136	1,099,343
Investment earnings	43,720	1,597	45,317
Other revenue	56,636	81,119	137,755
Total revenues	18,658,933	3,091,608	21,750,541
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	4,122,817	297,803	4,420,620
Judicial	2,658,502	236,774	2,895,276
Public safety	5,493,574	782,877	6,276,451
Social services	694,163	25,571	719,734
Roads and bridges	3,762,654	661,035	4,423,689
Debt service:			
Principal	-	850,000	850,000
Interest and other charges	-	215,938	215,938
Capital outlay	284,164	174,974	459,138
Total expenditures	17,015,874	3,244,972	20,260,846
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,643,059	(153,364)	1,489,695
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of capital assets	45,411	11,196	56,607
Insurance recoveries	52,117	-	52,117
Transfers in	-	343,325	343,325
Transfers out	(393,325)		(393,325)
Total other financing sources and uses	(295,797)	354,521	58,724
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,347,262	201,157	1,548,419
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	6,981,339	2,299,852	9,281,191
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 8,328,601	\$ 2,501,009	\$ 10,829,610

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	1,548,419
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	(522,133)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	(5,550)
asset sold.	(3,330)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.		6,528
Governmental funds report debt proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		704,029
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	(52,696)
Accrued interest on long-term debt is not reflected as an expenditure in governmental funds.		11,250
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental		
activities.	(38,939)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	1,650,908



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
ASSETS Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 51,953
Due from other funds	150
Prepaid expenses	33,241
Total assets	85,344
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	37,633
Total liabilities	37,633
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	47,711
Total net position	\$ <u>47,711</u>



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities - Self-Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 2,178,267
Miscellaneous	1,643
Total operating revenues	2,179,910
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Insurance claims	1,864,896
Insurance premiums and administrative costs	406,361
Total operating expenses	2,271,257
OPERATING LOSS	(91,347)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	2,408
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	2,408
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(88,939)
Transfers in	50,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(38,939)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	86,650
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>47,711</u>



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		vernmental
		Activities -
	Sei	lf-Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	2,182,163
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(2,356,539)
Net cash used by operating activities	(174,376)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds		50,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		50,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments		2,408
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,408
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(121,968)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		173,921
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING		51,953
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating loss	(91,347)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable		2,403
Due from other funds	(150)
Decrease (increase) in liabilities:		
Claims payable	(50,399)
Unearned revenue	<u>(</u>	1,642)
Net cash used by operations	\$ <u>(</u>	174,376)



STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$2,649,611
Total assets	2,649,611
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	2,649,611
Total liabilities	\$ 2,649,611



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

Anderson County, Texas was created in 1846 with Palestine as the County seat. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners' Court consisting of four precinct commissioners and the County Judge. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and bridges and socials services (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund is the only major governmental fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. The combined amounts of these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting their assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the resources used for the construction and acquisition of capital facilities by the County.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general long-term debt associated with the acquisition and/or construction of facilities and equipment for the County.

The <u>Internal Service Fund</u>, commonly known as the Self-Insurance Fund, is used to account for insurance coverage and administrative services provided to other departments or agencies of the County. This fund is funded by quasi-external transfers from other funds and charges to employees for extended benefits at their option. Charges are determined on a cost-reimbursed basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for situations where the County's role is strictly custodial in nature. These finds are held for various reasons being legal, contractual, or operational. Example of this include times where the courts are required to hold funds in trust by the County, the tax office collects funds on behalf of local governments and the state, and the Sheriff collects funds on behalf of inmates. As a result, all assets reported in an Agency Fund are offset by a liability to the party or entity whose behalf the assets are held.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund are charges to participants for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Deposits

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposits, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

The County records investments at fair value in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and/or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

Time deposits of all funds are stated at cost. At December 31, 2014, the stated amount of the time deposits approximates the market price, and consists of certificates of deposit and *NOW* accounts.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

The Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector collects property taxes for the County. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before January 31st of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for items or services for a future period beyond December 31, are recorded as prepaid items. The County uses the consumption method to account for prepaid items. This means that expenditures are recognized proportionately over the periods that services are provided. The fund balances in the affected funds have been classified as nonspendable for amounts equal to the prepayments since these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Improvements	5-50
Equipment	5-20
Infrastructure (roads and bridges)	20-50

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation in varying amounts and earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Employees do not earn vacation leave until the completion of one year of service for the county. Employees earn vacation based on the following table:

Years of Employment	Vacation Days	
1-2 years	80 hours per year	
3-9 years	96 hours per year	
10-19 years	120 hours per year	
20+ years	160 hours per year	

Vacation leave may not be accrued in excess of the maximum amount of 200 hours. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act as it applies to local governments, non-exempt county employees are granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours. Vacation and compensatory time is paid upon termination of employment. Accrued sick time is not paid out per the policy of the Commissioner's Court.

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

All vacation pay and compensatory time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these payments is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County is reporting a balance for a deferred loss on bond refunding in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on a bond refunding results when the reacquisition price of the refunded debt exceeds the carrying value. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County only has one type of item in the government-wide financial statements to report in this category. The County is reporting a balance for advance property tax collections in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, the County has items, which arise under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualify for reporting in this category. The advance collections of property taxes are deferred inflows of resources as well as unavailable revenues for property taxes and court fines and fees.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by the Commissioners' Court or County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

The County will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund ranging from 18 to 25% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment.

If it is determined that the County is below this minimum established fund balance level, the governing body will be informed of this condition and take necessary budgetary steps to bring fund balance level into compliance with this policy through budgetary actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds and net position* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(10,766,206) difference are as follows:

General obligation bonds	\$(8,770,000)
Compensated absences	(289,221)
Accrued interest payable	(75,352)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(1,399,951)
Premium on bond issuance	(231,682)

Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities

\$(10,766,206)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental fund and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period." The details of this \$(522,133) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	1,617,388
Depreciation expense	(_	2,139,521)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	522,133)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned." The details of this \$6,528 difference are as follows:

Property taxes	\$	33,658
Court fines and fees	(27,130)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$	6,528

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2014, the County had the following investment:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Maturity (Days)
TexPool	\$ 2,502,341	46

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers acceptances; (7) Mutual Funds; (8) investment pools; (9) guaranteed investment contracts; and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform tests procedures related to investment practices as provide by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pool is a 2a7-like pool. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a matter consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2014, the carrying value of the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty and interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied on or before January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalties.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Property taxes are collected for general, debt service, and farm to market and lateral road. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which collections are made.

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Constant	Other Governmental	T-4-1
	General	Funds	Total
Receivables:			
Property taxes	\$ 1,169,086	\$ 232,783	\$ 1,401,869
Other taxes	628,385	-	628,385
Court fines and fees	5,903,070	-	5,903,070
Accounts	72,031		72,031
Gross receivables	7,772,572	232,783	8,005,355
Less: allowance for			
uncollectibles	(5,071,521)	(11,625)	(5,083,146)
Net total receivables	\$ 2,701,051	\$ 221,158	\$ 2,922,209

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,733,515	\$ 76,517	\$ -	\$ 1,810,032
Construction in progress	177,400	97,070	(264,070)	10,400
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,910,915	173,587	(264,070)	1,820,432
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads and bridges	49,854,793	493,257	-	50,348,050
Buildings and improvements	24,026,479	264,070	-	24,290,549
Machinery and equipment	10,134,172	1,010,994	(462,806)	10,682,360
Total capital assets being depreciated	84,015,444	1,768,321	(462,806)	85,320,959
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Roads and bridges	38,950,753	659,824	-	39,610,577
Buildings and improvements	6,288,869	639,995	-	6,928,864
Machinery and equipment	7,827,915	905,702	(462,806)	8,270,811
Total accumulated depreciation	53,067,537	2,205,521	(462,806)	54,810,252
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	30,947,907	(437,200)		30,510,707
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 32,858,822	\$(263,613)	\$(264,070)	\$ 32,331,139

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 931,350
Judicial	34,784
Public safety	406,335
Social services	4,121
Roads and bridges	 828,931
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,205,521

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2014, is as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds:

	Receivable fund:			
	Ge	eneral	T	Total
Payable fund: Nonmajor governmental funds Internal Service Fund	\$	50 150	\$	50 150
Total	\$	200	\$	200

Dagaiyahla fundi

All balances of due to/due from resulted from short-term loans that are to be reimbursed within the next year.

Interfund Transfers:

	Transfe	Transfers in:			
	Nonmajor	Internal			
	Governmental	Service	Total		
Transfers out: General	\$ 343,325	\$ 50,000	\$ 393,325		
Total transfers	\$ 343,325	\$ 50,000	\$ 393,325		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

On August 1, 2005, the County authorized and issued \$9,950,000 in general obligation bonds under the authority of the Certificate of Obligation Act of 1971. These obligations bear interest at the rate of 3.25% to 5% and will be retired over a period of 18 years beginning in 2006. Proceeds from these obligations are restricted for the construction of capital assets.

On July 15, 2012, the County issued \$8,660,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$5,390,000 for the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 and \$2,735,000 for the Certificates of Obligation, Series 2003.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	 Amount
\$9,950,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005	3.25% - 5.0%	\$ 545,000
\$8,660,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	2.0% - 2.5%	8,225,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			
December 31,	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 885,000	\$ 184,594		
2016	905,000	159,200		
2017	935,000	140,800		
2018	950,000	121,950		
2019	970,000	102,750		
2020-2023	4,125,000	199,175		
Total	\$8,770,000	\$ 908,469		

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	A	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
		_						-	
Government activities									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	9,620,000	\$	-	\$	850,000	\$ 8,770,000	\$	885,000
Premium on bonds		257,425		-		25,743	231,682		-
Net OPEB obligation		1,263,553		400,763		264,365	1,399,951		-
Compensated absences		253,905		315,732		280,416	 289,221		72,305
Governmental activity	<u></u>	_		_			 	· ·	
Long-term liabilities	\$	11,394,883	\$	716,495	\$	1,420,524	\$ 10,690,854	\$	957,305

The compensated absences and OPEB liabilities attributable to the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Defeased Debt Outstanding

In 2012, the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. As of December 31, 2014, the County has \$5,390,000 of defeased bonds outstanding.

Risk Management

The County is a member of the Texas Association of Counties Risk Pool ('Pool''). The Pool was created for the purpose of providing coverage against risks which are inherent in operating a political subdivision. The County pays annual premiums to the Pool for unemployment and workers' compensation coverage. The County's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide coverage through commercial companies reinsurance contracts. The Pool agrees to handle all unemployment and workers' compensation claims and provide any defense as is necessary. The Pool makes available to the County loss control services to assist the County in following a plan of loss control that may result in reduced losses. The County agrees that it will cooperate in instituting any and all reasonable loss control recommendations made by the Pool. The County also carries commercial insurance on all other risks of loss, including liability, property, and accident insurance.

The County has experienced no significant reductions in coverage through the Pool over the past year. There have been no insurance settlements exceeding Pool and commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

Self Insurance

The Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the County's group health and prescription expenses. A third-party administrator, Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, administers the County plan. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the County paid six hundred and fifty dollars (\$650) per month for health and prescription benefits per budgeted full time position to the plan. Employees, at their option authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for

dependents. In accordance with state law, the County was protected against catastrophic individual loss by stop-loss coverage carried through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas. The County paid \$276,325 for the fiscal year for stop-loss coverage.

Employees' premiums are paid by the General and Special Revenue funds into the Self Insurance Fund. These premiums are recorded as expenditures in the paying funds and are available to pay claims, insurance premiums, and administrative costs of the program. During fiscal year 2014, a total of \$1,994,932 was paid in benefits, premiums and administrative costs. The excess coverage insurance covers the plan against individual claims in excess of \$85,000 per covered person per year. Estimated claims payable, based upon claims filed and estimated unfiled claims at year-end, were \$37,663 as of December 31, 2014. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past year were as follows:

		2014		2013
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	88,032	\$	265,840
Incurred claims (including incurred but not reported)		1,864,896		1,978,770
Claim payments	(1,915,295)	(2,156,578)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	37,633	\$	88,032

Pension Plan

Anderson County provides pension, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 624 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 11.29% for the accounting year of 2014.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2014 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. For calendar year 2013, the employee deposit rate was 7%. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ending December 31, 2014, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$1,054,992 and the actual contributions were \$1,054,992.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2012, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar year 2014. The December 31, 2013, actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Valuation Information

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2011	12/31/2012	12/31/2013
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	entry age	entry age	entry age
	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years Asset valuation method	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value	20 SAF: 10-yr. smoothed value ESF: fund value
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment return ¹ Projected salary increases ¹ Inflation Cost-of-living adjustments	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

¹Includes inflation at the stated rate

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Anderson County

Accounting		Annual	Percentage		Net
Year		Pension	of APC	Pe	ension
Ending	C	ost (APC)	Contributed	Ob	ligation
12/31/2012	\$	832,823	100%	\$	-
12/31/2013		1,006,594	100%		-
12/31/2014		1,054,992	100%		-

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retirement Plan For the Employees of Anderson County

	Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll (1)	Payroll
(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
	Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Value of Liability Assets (AAL)	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Value of Liability AAL Assets (AAL) (UAAL)	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Value of Liability AAL Funded Assets (AAL) (UAAL) Ratio	Actuarial Accrued Unfunded Annual Value of Liability AAL Funded Covered Assets (AAL) (UAAL) Ratio Payroll (1)

⁽¹⁾ The annual covered payroll is based on the employee contributions received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

Plan description and Funding Policy. Currently, health insurance benefits, provided under the County's self-insured plan, are provided to eligible retirees of the County in accordance with policies and procedures approved by Commissioners' Court. The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly made available financial report.

All employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement. If they are vested and eligible for retirement with the Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS") at the time they leave employment, they will be required to make the same employee contribution as is required of active employees with similar dependent elections. Employees who are vested in TCDRS and who are hired subsequent to January 1, 2012, will have the option of retaining the County's group health insurance coverage upon their retirement, provided that the retired employee pays 100% of the required monthly premium for their coverage elections.

All group insurance will cease when retired employees reach age 65, provided however, that if the retired employee's spouse has not reached the age of 65 and/or the retired employee's children have not reached the age of 26, the spouse and/or children will be eligible for group health coverage until they reach the age of 65 and 26 respectively. The County, annually, will stipulate the required contribution from the retired employee needed to extend the coverage of their eligible dependents after the retired employee has reached age 65.

As of December 31, 2014, the County has 16 retirees that were eligible for the OPEB plan and the cost to the County was \$264,365. Post-retirement health care benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's OPEB obligation to the postemployment medical plan.

Annual required contribution	\$	419,787
Interest on OPEB obligation		56,860
Adjustment to ARC	(75,884)
Annual OPEB cost		400,763
Net employer contributions	(264,365)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		136,398
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		1,263,553
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	1,399,951

The County's annual OPEB cost, amount contributed to the plan, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2014, is as follows:

N-4 ODED

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Obligation End of Year	
12/31/2012	\$ 400,579	\$ 168,061	42.0%	\$ 1,102,295	
12/31/2013	403,191	241,933	60.0%	1,263,553	
12/31/2014	400,763	264,365	66.0%	1,399,951	

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funding status of the post-employment benefit plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/13	\$ -	\$ 3,934,067	\$ 3,934,067	- %	\$ 7,751,867	50.75%

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

A schedule of funding progress presents multi-trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2011	12/31/2013		
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit	Projected unit credit		
Amortization method	Level as a percentage of payroll	Level as a percentage of payroll		
Remaining amortization period	30 years; open amortization	30 years; open amortization		
Actuarial assumptions:				
Investment rate of return	4.5%, net of expenses	4.5%, net of expenses		
Projected salary increases	Payroll growth 3% per annum.	Payroll growth 3% per annum.		

9:5 initial and declining

9:5 initial and declining

 $4.5\% \ \text{ultimate after 9 years.} \qquad 4.5\% \ \text{ultimate after 9 years.}$ Inflation rate $3\% \qquad \qquad 3\%$

Health care trend rate

In June 2004, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, which was effective for the County for the year ended December 31, 2008. The County obtained an actuarial valuation and implemented GASB No. 45 in the year ending December 31, 2011. Therefore, only two years are available for the schedule of funding progress. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Commitments and Contingencies

- a. <u>Grants</u> The County has received Federal and State financial assistance in the form of grants and entitlements that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement by the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. In the opinion of County management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant to the County's financial position.
- b. <u>Litigation</u> The evaluation of County management is that any liability to the County relating to such claims and lawsuits will not have a material impact on the County's financial position. Historically, the County has not incurred significant losses from claims or lawsuits which arise during the ordinary course of business.
- c. <u>Construction</u> Continuing construction projects include renovations, repairs and equipment for the existing Courthouse.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll (1)	Payroll
				·		
12/31/2013	\$ 20,360,602	\$ 25,866,100	\$ 5,505,498	78.72%	\$ 9,277,362	59.34%
12/31/2012	\$ 18,515,775	\$ 23,906,989	\$ 5,391,214	77.45%	\$ 9,003,493	59.88%
12/31/2011	\$ 17,712,436	\$ 22,175,647	\$ 4,463,211	79.87%	\$ 8,826,371	50.57%

⁽¹⁾ The annual covered payroll is based on the employee deposits received by TCDRS for the year ending with the valuation date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR RETIREE HEALTH PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF ANDERSON COUNTY, TEXAS

Actuarial	Λ.	ctuarial		Actuarial Accrued		Unfunded					UAAL as a
	A	tuariar				Omunded					Percentage
Valuation	V	alue of		Liability		AAL	Fun	ıded	Covered		of Covered
Date		Assets		(AAL)	_	(UAAL)	Ra	itio	Payroll	_	Payroll
12/31/2013	\$	_	\$	3,934,067	\$	3,934,067	_	%	\$ 7,751,867		50.75%
12/31/2011	\$	-	•	3,456,309	\$	3,456,309	-	%	\$ 6,873,044		50.29%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes:	ф. 11. 7 20.26 7	ф. 11.500.0 <i>45</i>	ф. 11.505.5c3	Φ 46.205	
1 . 2	\$ 11,739,365	\$ 11,739,365	\$ 11,785,762	\$ 46,397	
Sales	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,813,092	113,092	
Mixed beverage	28,000	28,000	27,201	(799)	
Intergovernmental Fees of office	366,377	366,377	461,014	94,637	
Fines and forfeitures	2,493,775	2,493,775	2,801,301	307,526	
	637,500 35,000	637,500	670,207	32,707 8,720	
Investment earnings		35,000	43,720		
Other revenue	25,000	25,000	56,636	31,636	
Total revenues	18,025,017	18,025,017	18,658,933	633,916	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government:					
County auditor	366,471	366,471	355,577	10,894	
County judge	160,606	160,605	155,975	4,630	
County treasurer	132,633	127,981	124,454	3,527	
Tax assessor-collector	620,929	618,714	602,346	16,368	
Commissioners	300,851	301,751	291,735	10,016	
County clerk	446,080	444,646	433,159	11,487	
District clerk	418,671	418,671	368,612	50,059	
Courthouse	546,404	540,824	437,223	103,601	
Elections	117,495	128,455	131,796	(3,341)	
Information technology	136,667	135,162	117,381	17,781	
Miscellaneous legal	145,000	145,000	142,413	2,587	
Miscellaneous	1,217,588	1,025,309	962,146	63,163	
Total general government	4,609,395	4,413,589	4,122,817	290,772	
Judicial:					
County court	38,800	64,820	64,820	_	
County court-at-law	389,859	479,776	479,776	-	
District court	764,346	820,545	789,878	30,667	
District attorney	816,408	817,449	817,449	-	
Justice of the peace, precinct 1	127,037	127,036	124,699	2,337	
Justice of the peace, precinct 2	128,072	128,071	127,409	662	
Justice of the peace, precinct 3	131,419	131,420	129,750	1,670	
Justice of the peace, precinct 4	125,716	125,545	124,721	824	
Total judicial	2,521,657	2,694,662	2,658,502	36,160	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	d Amo	unts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original		Final		Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Original		Tillal		Dasis	_	(Ivegative)
Public safety:							
Emergency management	\$ 112,966	\$	112,965	\$	111,723	\$	1,242
Constable, precinct 1	74,647		74,646		72,894		1,752
Constable, precinct 2	73,589		73,498		72,834		664
Constable, precinct 3	70,763		70,763		66,166		4,597
Constable, precinct 4	72,239		72,330		68,175		4,155
Sheriff	2,375,023		2,406,788		2,388,298		18,490
Bailiff/security	177,580		180,582		174,647		5,935
State highway patrol	47,697		46,598		42,280		4,318
Bail bond supervision	92,480		93,411		85,620		7,791
County jail	2,504,499		2,475,975		2,410,937	_	65,038
Total public safety	5,601,483		5,607,556	_	5,493,574	_	113,982
Social services:							
Dogwood park	110,629		112,715		111,977		738
Extension services	97,960		97,959		94,400		3,559
Indigent health	233,691		233,692		112,440		121,252
County services	374,350		374,585		342,327		32,258
Veterans Service Officer	37,450	_	37,450	_	33,019	_	4,431
Total social services	854,080	_	856,401	_	694,163	_	162,238
Road and bridge:							
Administration	158,000		158,000		158,000		-
Precinct 1	925,865		933,039		917,743		15,296
Precinct 2	690,629		785,714		773,387		12,327
Precinct 3	941,685		964,976		929,841		35,135
Precinct 4	767,250		820,506		816,603		3,903
Shop	196,952		177,852	_	167,080	_	10,772
Total road and bridge	3,680,381		3,840,087	_	3,762,654	_	77,433
Capital outlay	426,699		295,165	_	284,164	_	11,001
Total expenditures	17,693,695	_	17,707,460	_	17,015,874	_	691,586
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	331,322		317,557	_	1,643,059	_	1,325,502

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance		
	Original Final				Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,411	\$	45,411	
Insurance recovery		-		-		52,117		52,117	
Transfers out	(331,325)	(393,325)	(393,325)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(331,325)	(393,325)	(295,797)	_	97,528	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3)	(75,768)		1,347,262		1,423,030	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	6,981,339	_	6,981,339		6,981,339	_	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	6,981,336	\$	6,905,571	\$	8,328,601	\$	1,423,030	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial report:

- 1. The County Judge has departmental meetings with management to determine the departmental budget requests.
- 2. The County Judge submits to the County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January. The operational budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. After the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court reviews the budget and makes any adjustments they feel necessary.
- 5. The budget is then legally enacted by the Commissioners' Court on or before October 1.

Only the governing body, composed of the Commissioners' Court, may amend the budget after its adoption so long as the amendment continues to meet the requirements of Section 111 of the *Local Government Code*. During the year, several supplementary amendments to the original budget were required. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, and all amendments were legally made.

The County's budget authorizes expenditures for all governmental fund types. The County's legally adopted budget is at the department level in those funds with multiple departments and at the fund level in single department funds. All budgets are fixed in nature. For internal management purposes, the budgets are detailed by line item and entered into the accounting records. Comparisons of actual expenditures or expenses to budget are made on an ongoing basis.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Farm to Market Lateral Road, Law Library, Court Reporter, and Debt Service Funds. The County does not adopt a legal budget for the Grant, Juvenile Probation, Court Technology and Security, Child Welfare Board, District Attorney, Records Preservation and Management, Historical Commission, Sheriff Forfeiture, Guardianship, or the Capital Projects Funds.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Farm to Market and Lateral Road – This fund accounts for all property taxes collected pursuant to Transportation Code §256.054 for construction and maintenance of farm-to-market and lateral roads, for flood control purposes, or for both, as determined by the Commissioners' Court.

Grant – This fund accounts for all grant funding from local, state, and federal grants.

Juvenile Probation – This fund accounts for the operations of the Juvenile Probation Department.

Law Library – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code* §323.023 for the operations of the law library.

Court Technology and Security – This fund accounts for the fees collected from defendants in criminal cases pursuant to the Code of Criminal Procedure §102.0169, §102.017, and §102.0173. Proceeds are used to cover the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements including computer systems, networks, hardware, and software, imaging systems, electronic kiosks, and docket management systems.

Child Welfare Board –This fund accounts for receipts and disbursements related to the Child Welfare Board.

District Attorney – This fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements related to the discretionary funding of the District Attorney.

Records Preservation and Management –This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the record management and preservation program. Resources from this fund are used to manage, organize, promote, implement, preserve, and maintain County records. Access to these funds requires specific Commissioners' Court approval.

Court Reporter – This fund accounts for court reporter fees collected pursuant to *Government Code §51.601* which defray the cost of providing court-reporting services for the County of Anderson.

Historical Commission – This fund accounts for funding necessary to conduct the operations of the Anderson County Historical Commission.

Sheriff Forfeiture – This fund accounts for the funds that have been awarded to the Sheriff's office pursuant to a court order to forfeit funds from seizures conducted during criminal activity. These funds are to be used for law enforcement purposes by the Sheriff's office.

Guardianship – This fund accounts for fees collected pursuant to *Local Government Code* §118.067 whereby the clerk of the court collects a fee on certain probate court actions involving guardianships and is to provide supplemental funding for court-appointed guardians ad litem and court-appointed attorneys ad litem and to fund local guardianship programs for indigent incapacitated individuals.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for expenditures for various capital improvement projects as approved by the Commissioners' Court.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

						Special Rev	venue	;				
		m to Market nd Lateral Road		Grant		Juvenile Probation		Law Library		Court echnology d Security		Child Welfare Board
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	461,928	\$	6,503	\$	61,932	\$	30,735	\$	147,522	\$	53,799
Receivables, net:		444000										
Property taxes		114,003		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		27,821		-		-		-		1,155
Due from other funds		-		-		-	_	-			_	
Total assets		575,931	_	34,324	_	61,932	_	30,735	_	147,522	_	54,954
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		-		-		-		1,477		165		3,655
Accrued liabilities		-		579		2,323		-		174		-
Other payables		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-	_	579	-	2,323	_	1,477		339	_	3,655
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	S											
Advance property tax collections		237,859		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		110,933		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	348,792			_		_		_	-	_	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:												
Roads and bridges		227,139		_		-		-		_		_
Judicial operations		-		-		-		29,258		147,183		-
Public safety operations		-		33,745		59,609		-		-		51,299
Social services operations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service			_	-	_		_	-			_	
Total fund balances		227,139	_	33,745	_	59,609	_	29,258		147,183	_	51,299
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources												
and fund balances	\$	575,931	\$	34,324	\$	61,932	\$	30,735	\$	147,522	\$	54,954

Special Revenue Total Records Nonmajor District Preservation Court Historical Sheriff Capital Debt Governmental Attorney Funds and Management Reporter Commission Forfeiture Guardian shipProjects Service 247,163 \$ 466,034 \$ 74,425 \$ 854 41,787 \$ 24,400 \$ 802,056 \$ 797,715 \$ 3,216,853 10,979 96,176 221,158 31,512 2,536 50 50 74,425 41,787 813,035 893,941 249,699 466,034 854 24,400 3,469,573 5,751 13,164 278 558 1,280 262 483 3,821 18,060 18,060 540 6,234 558 18,060 1,280 35,045 482,637 720,496 10,909 91,181 213,023 10,909 573,818 933,519 227,139 459,800 959,267 249,159 73,867 23,727 168,380 854 24,400 25,254 800,846 800,846 320,123 320,123 800,846 249,159 459,800 73,867 854 23,727 24,400 320,123 2,501,009

41,787

24,400

813,035

893,941

3,469,573

\$ 249,699

466,034

\$ 74,425

854

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Special Revenue Farm to Market Court Child and Lateral Juvenile Law Technology Welfare Road Grant Probation Library and Security Board **REVENUES** Property taxes \$ 582,339 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Intergovernmental 4,500 323,427 256,451 7,216 Fees of office 192,727 Fines and forfeitures 25,256 60,830 Investment earnings 678 193 750 Miscellaneous 296 3,373 60,830 586,839 257,201 517,128 25,256 10,782 Total revenues **EXPENDITURES** Current: General government 151,613 Judicial 71,169 17,552 13,594 Public safety 16,515 712,784 46,344 Social services 25,571 Road and bridges 661,035 Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges 2,145 8,500 43,555 2,430 Capital outlay Total expenditures 669,535 282,852 715,214 17,552 62,083 25,571 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES** 7,704 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 82,696) 25,651) 198,086) 1,253) 14,789) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital asset 46,325 230,000 47,000 20,000 Transfers in 46,325 230,000 47,000 20,000 Total other financing sources and uses NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 82,696) 31,914 7,704 20,674 45,747 5,211 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 309,835 13,071 27,695 21,554 101,436 46,088 227,139 33,745 59,609 29,258 147,183 51,299 FUND BALANCES, ENDING

	Special Revenue							Total	
District Attorney	Records Preservation and Management	Court Reporter	Historical Commission	Sheriff Forfeiture	Guardianship	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ - 43,612 25,047 535 76,700 145,894	\$ - - 290,459 - - 290,459	\$ - - 12,285 - - 12,285	\$ - - - - 4 4	\$ - - 10,838 168 - 11,006	\$ - - - 4,421 - - - 4,421	\$ 1,779	\$ 1,167,705 - - - 1,146 - 1,168,851	\$ 1,751,823 591,594 236,339 429,136 1,597 81,119 3,091,608	
- 109,184 - - -	146,190 - - - -	25,275 - - -	- - - -	- - 7,234 - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	297,803 236,774 782,877 25,571 661,035	
3,545 112,729	25,882 172,072	25,275	- - - -	7,234	- - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	850,000 215,938 - 1,065,938	850,000 215,938 174,974 3,244,972	
33,165	118,387	(12,990)	4	3,772	4,421	(88,265)	102,913	(153,364)	
4,804 - 4,804 37,969	- - - 118,387	- - - (12,990)	- - - 4	6,392 - 6,392 10,164	4,421	(88,265)	102,913	11,196 343,325 354,521 201,157	
211,190 \$ 249,159	341,413 \$ 459,800	\$ 73,867	\$ 850 \$ 854	13,563 \$ 23,727	19,979 \$ 24,400	\$ 889,111 \$ 800,846	217,210 \$ 320,123	2,299,852 \$ 2,501,009	



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

FARM TO MARKET AND LATERAL ROAD

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance	
	Original Final				Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		B P	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	569,726	\$	569,726	\$	582,339	\$	12,613	
Intergovernmental		-		-		4,500		4,500	
Total revenues		569,726		569,726		586,839		17,113	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Road and bridge		659,818		651,318		661,035	(9,717)	
Capital outlay				8,500		8,500		_	
Total expenditures		659,818		659,818		669,535	(9,717)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(90,092)	(90,092)	(82,696)		7,396	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		309,835		309,835		309,835			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	219,743	\$	219,743	\$	227,139	\$	7,396	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

LAW LIBRARY

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 25,256	\$ 2,256	
Total revenues	23,000	23,000	25,256	2,256	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Judicial	23,000	23,000	17,552	5,448	
Total expenditures	23,000	23,000	17,552	5,448	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	7,704	7,704	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	21,554	21,554	21,554		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 21,554	\$ <u>21,554</u>	\$ 29,258	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

COURT REPORTER

	Budgeted	1 Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 12,000	\$12,000	\$ 12,285	\$ 285
Total revenues	12,000	12,000	12,285	285
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Judicial	52,000	52,000	25,275	26,725
Total expenditures	52,000	52,000	25,275	26,725
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40,000)	(40,000)	(12,990)	27,010
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	86,857	86,857	86,857	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 46,857	\$ 46,857	\$ 73,867	\$ 27,010

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES)

DEBT SERVICE

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			* * * * * = = 0 =	
Property taxes	\$ 1,140,815	\$ 1,140,815	\$ 1,167,705	\$ 26,890
Investment earnings			1,146	1,146
Total revenues	1,140,815	1,140,815	1,168,851	28,036
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	850,000	850,000	850,000	-
Interest and other charges	215,938	215,938	215,938	
Total expenditures	1,065,938	1,065,938	1,065,938	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	74,877	74,877	102,913	28,036
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	217,210	217,210	217,210	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 292,087	\$ 292,087	\$ 320,123	\$ 28,036

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's agency funds:

Tax Assessor-Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

County Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court order pending distribution.

Sheriff – This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Sheriff's office.

Justice of the Peace— This fund is used to account for monies collected and disbursed by the Justices of the Peace.

Criminal District Attorney – This fund is used to account for monies collected by the Criminal District Attorney.

Unclaimed Money – This fund is used to account for unclaimed money held on behalf of individuals.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>3,450,092</u>	\$ 55,742,666	\$ 58,331,786	\$ 860,972
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 3,450,092	\$ 55,742,666	\$ 58,331,786	\$ 860,972
COUNTY CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 167,004	\$ 1,328,760	\$ 1,139,937	\$ 355,827
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 167,004	\$ 1,328,760	\$ 1,139,937	\$ 355,827
DISTRICT CLERK				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>1,157,581</u>	\$ 1,230,221	\$ 1,055,544	\$ <u>1,332,258</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$1,157,581	\$ 1,230,221	\$ 1,055,544	\$ <u>1,332,258</u>
SHERIFF				
Assets:	Φ 54.254	Φ 547.730	Φ 566647	Φ 25.457
Cash and investments	\$ 54,374	\$ 547,730	\$ 566,647	\$ 35,457
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 54,374	\$ 547,730	\$566,647	\$ 35,457
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,133	\$ 1,169,135	\$1,168,201	\$ 7,067
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 6,133	\$ 1,169,135	\$1,168,201	\$ 7,067

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 57,126	\$ 182,854	\$ 188,393	\$ 51,587
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$57,126	\$ 182,854	\$ 188,393	\$ <u>51,587</u>
UNCLAIMED MONEY Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 5,691	\$ 752	\$	\$ 6,443
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$5,691	\$ 752	\$	\$ 6,443
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$_4,898,001	\$ 60,202,118	\$ 62,450,508	\$ 2,649,611
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 4,898,001	\$ 60,202,118	\$ 62,450,508	\$ 2,649,611



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Anderson County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.	56 – 67
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	68 – 72
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	73 – 77
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	78 – 79
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	80 – 85
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,329,457	\$ 22,981,397	\$ 23,145,292	\$ 23,187,361	
Restricted	2,638,680	2,418,917	3,071,484	3,579,462	
Unrestricted	9,107,172	8,024,087	6,751,584	5,557,910	
Total governmental activities net position	35,075,309	33,424,401	32,968,360	32,324,733	

Source: Anderson County financial records.

Fiscal Year

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 23,393,589 2,316,481 7,657,647	\$ 22,588,582 2,013,184 8,804,272	\$ 22,030,674 1,776,146 8,629,269	\$ 19,795,206 3,006,533 10,161,586	\$ 11,094,026 3,696,138 9,072,172	\$ 9,627,679 2,908,056 10,138,877
33,367,717	33,406,038	32,436,089	32,963,325	23,862,336	22,674,612

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2014	2013	2012	2011
EXPENSES				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 4,915,917	\$ 5,487,449	\$ 5,175,991	\$ 5,095,955
Judicial	2,969,561	2,870,623	2,807,616	2,833,469
Public safety	6,703,245	6,503,707	6,973,029	7,284,060
Social services	734,149	710,814	858,731	788,200
Roads and highways	5,320,372	4,976,753	4,500,010	4,220,927
Interest on long-term debt	231,641	133,570	543,041	454,462
Total expenses	20,874,885	20,682,916	20,858,418	20,677,073
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental activities:				
Fees, fines and charges for services:				
General government	2,902,667	2,768,356	2,564,081	2,524,548
Judicial	641,965	571,300	993,287	589,920
Public safety	799,433	588,210	625,688	617,051
Social services	-	-	-	-
Roads and highways	3,590	1,866	3,904	5,374
Operating grants and contributions	715,435	656,903	883,267	590,135
Capital grants and contributions	696,798	38,782	136,810	494,428
Total governmental activities				
program revenues	5,759,888	4,625,417	5,207,037	4,821,456
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES				
Governmental activities	\$(15,114,997)	\$(16,057,499)	\$(15,651,381)	\$(15,855,617)

Fiscal Year

		Fisca	ıl Year		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 5,190,938	\$ 4,774,879	\$ 4,905,331	\$ 4,758,945	\$ 4,740,467	\$ 4,236,985
2,590,476	2,471,772	2,324,373	2,513,936	2,342,633	2,373,047
6,650,546	6,231,562	4,918,777	5,133,802	5,455,621	4,897,325
712,048	734,828	960,576	1,178,732	729,363	1,450,183
4,312,468	4,607,098	4,109,293	3,960,787	3,909,147	3,614,746
478,061	363,386	770,281	551,508	563,238	147,320
19,934,537	19,183,525	17,988,631	18,097,710	17,740,469	16,719,606
2,382,208	2,617,260	2,464,568	1,975,214	2,389,217	1,365,075
664,973	658,832	666,322	773,001	813,977	699,227
718,130	743,990	747,419	637,881	766,653	386,247
-	-	-	-	-	247,385
6,201	1,442	7,146	90,940	83,370	979,912
745,501	777,180	935,339	869,550	979,336	967,360
9,200	164,058	1,060,213	7,210	398,857	-
4,526,213	4,962,762	5,881,007	4,353,796	5,431,410	4,645,206
\$(15,408,324)	\$(14,220,763)	\$(12,107,624)	\$(13,743,914)	\$(12,309,059)	\$(12,074,400)
$\psi(13,700,324)$	$\psi(17,220,703)$	$\psi(12,107,024)$	$\psi(13,773,714)$	$\psi(12,307,039)$	$\Psi(12,077,700)$

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTH	ER CHANGES IN	NET POSITION			
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 13,571,243	\$ 13,519,429	\$ 13,315,925	\$ 12,868,263	
Sales tax	2,813,092	2,489,686	2,625,335	2,287,587	
Other taxes	27,201	31,201	26,689	30,622	
Investment earnings	45,317	71,189	77,159	31,276	
Miscellaneous	200,328	436,099	175,737	209,113	
Gain from sale of capital assets	108,724	141,118	74,163	42,644	
Total governmental activities	16,765,905	16,688,722	16,295,008	15,469,505	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities	1,650,908	631,223	643,627	(386,112)	
Net position - beginning	33,424,401	32,968,360	32,324,733	33,367,717	
Prior period adjustments		(175,182)		(656,872)	
Net position - Ending	\$ 35,075,309	\$ 33,424,401	\$ 32,968,360	\$ 32,324,733	

Source: Anderson County financial records

Fiscal	Year
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		1 1300	ii i cui		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
D 10.554.751	ф. 12.577.057	Ф. 11 02 7 0 7 5	4.11.110.755	ф. 10.1 <i>c</i> 0.200	Ф. 0.50¢.0¢2
\$ 12,664,751	\$ 12,577,857	\$ 11,827,075	\$ 11,118,755	\$ 10,168,389	\$ 9,586,863
2,231,330	2,195,313	2,554,428	2,354,404	2,417,090	2,096,256
32,218	30,122	31,862	36,572	30,705	29,613
25,210	43,096	186,873	698,601	961,677	489,041
334,901	307,810	317,228	289,863	233,978	191,265
81,593	36,514	422,892	20,814	21,795	
15,370,003	15,190,712	15,340,358	14,519,009	13,833,634	12,393,038
(38,321)	969,949	3,232,734	775,095	1,524,575	318,638
33,406,038	32,436,089	32,963,325	23,862,336	22,674,612	22,355,974
		(3,759,970)	8,325,894	(336,851)	
\$ 33,367,717	\$ 33,406,038	\$_32,436,089	\$ 32,963,325	\$ 23,862,336	\$ 22,674,612

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year 2014 2013 2012 2011 General fund \$ \$ \$ \$ Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved, undesignated Nonspendable 322,266 104,387 96,835 83,848 Unassigned 8,006,335 6,876,952 5,826,147 4,654,087 8,328,601 6,981,339 5,922,982 4,737,935 Total general fund All other governmental funds Reserved for: Debt service Capital projects fund Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Nonspendable 55 10,031 17,563 Restricted 2,501,009 2,299,797 2,835,948 3,156,598 84,367) 20,792) Unassigned Total all other \$ 2,501,009 2,299,852 2,769,144 \$ 3,145,837 governmental funds

Source: Anderson County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

Fiscal Year

		1 1500	ii i cui		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 147,106 5,663,738	\$ 142,802 7,058,622	\$ 143,733 6,879,053	\$ 134,596 5,313,845	\$ 98,834 4,799,286	\$ 39,851 4,417,339
<u>-</u>	- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5,810,844	7,201,424	7,022,786	5,448,441	4,898,120	4,457,190
404.556	402 624	260 501	192 120	112.570	112.042
494,556 1,220,809	402,624 1,119,217	268,581 1,371,921	182,120 1,595,719	112,568 6,110,050	112,942 11,161,719
1,589,830	1,393,936	1,265,286	2,072,254	2,603,742	2,794,804
-	- -	- -	- -	-	-
				-	
\$ 3,305,195	\$ 2,915,777	\$ 2,905,788	\$_3,850,093	\$ 8,826,360	\$_14,069,465

CHANIES IN FUND BALANCES IOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accountinI) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Year	
	2014	2013	2012	2011
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 13,537,585	\$ 13,591,234	\$ 13,224,702	\$ 12,862,976
Other taxes	2,840,293	2,520,887	2,652,024	2,318,209
Intergovernmental	1,052,608	792,780	1,139,531	1,216,315
Fees of office	3,037,640	2,969,990	2,823,898	2,893,597
Fines and forfeitures	1,099,343	1,286,099	1,011,537	831,401
Investment earnings	45,317	71,180	77,159	31,276
Other revenue	137,755	187,938	120,938	136,868
Total revenues	21,750,541	21,420,108	21,049,789	20,290,642
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	4,420,620	4,494,009	4,450,804	4,616,524
Judicial	2,895,276	2,785,427	2,706,479	2,721,971
Public safety	6,276,451	6,156,263	6,263,640	6,466,938
Social services	719,734	692,680	831,869	759,577
Roads and bridges	4,423,689	4,383,688	4,008,553	4,310,450
Debt service:				
Principal	850,000	841,993	706,016	685,000
Interest and fiscal charges	215,938	245,468	603,384	463,270
Capital outlay	459,138	1,125,833	931,719	1,112,430
Total expenditures	20,260,846	20,725,361	20,502,464	21,136,160
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>1,489,695</u>	\$ 694,747	\$ 547,325	\$ <u>(</u> 845,518)

Fiscal Year

		Fisc	al Year		
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Φ 12.514.021	Ф. 12.500 A00	Ф. 11.001.000	Ф. 10.002.225	ф. 10.020 5 0.4	Φ 0.702.250
\$ 12,514,931	\$ 12,598,499	\$ 11,891,800	\$ 10,902,235	\$ 10,039,594	\$ 8,793,250
2,263,548	2,225,435	2,586,290	2,390,976	2,447,788	2,125,513
812,820	1,001,936	1,968,338	804,057	1,296,140	899,219
3,234,010	3,426,717	3,628,960	3,567,523	3,769,554	3,178,403
=	-	-	-	-	-
25,210	43,096	186,873	698,601	961,677	489,041
700,367	899,651	579,334	481,095	467,567	399,290
19,550,886	20,195,334	20,841,595	18,844,487	18,982,320	15,884,716
4,845,925	4,609,448	4,724,655	4,454,656	4,292,071	4,007,289
2,570,698	2,460,234	2,291,479	2,244,286	2,194,952	2,292,829
6,056,631	5,873,060	5,181,122	4,824,447	4,903,006	4,734,726
708,985	734,006	953,260	929,294	682,561	1,431,834
4,384,472	4,217,765	4,061,973	3,669,235	3,465,133	3,314,864
635,000	610,000	590,000	570,000	530,000	155,000
486,576	508,451	631,613	549,445	584,065	147,320
970,344	1,030,857	3,029,468	5,743,896	7,214,804	2,042,454
20,658,631	20,043,821	21,463,570	22,985,259	23,866,592	18,126,316
20,030,031	20,043,021	21,403,370	22,703,237	23,000,372	10,120,310
\$(1,107,745)	\$ 151,513	\$(621,975)	\$(4,140,772)	\$(4,884,272)	\$(2,241,600)
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CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2014	2013	2012	2011
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 343,325	\$ 381,319	\$ 439,988	\$ 429,830
Transfers out	(393,325)	(631,319)	(439,988)	(929,830)
Issuance of capital leases	-	-	-	68,010
Sale of capital assets	56,607	92,204	78,428	45,241
Insurance recoveries	52,117	52,114	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(8,757,357)	-
Premium on issuance of debt	-	-	279,958	-
Issuance of bonds			8,660,000	
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	58,724	(105,682)	261,029	(386,749)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,548,419	\$ 589,065	\$ 808,354	\$ <u>(1,232,267)</u>
DEBT SERVICE (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF				
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	4.76%	5.64%	<u>6.89</u> %	6.04%

Source: Anderson County financial records

Fiscal Year

					FISC	ii i eai					
	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005
\$	403,959 403,959)	\$	248,787 248,787)	\$	200,000 200,000)	\$	61,352 371,352)	\$	233,868 233,868)	\$	323,113 323,113)
(106,583		37,114		1,252,015		24,826		81,787		93,807
	- - -		- -		- - -		- - -		- - -		261,855
	106,583		37,114		1,252,015		285,174)		81,787		9,950,000
\$ <u>(</u>	1,001,162)	\$ <u></u>	188,627	\$ <u></u>	630,040	\$ <u>(</u>	4,425,946)	\$ <u>(</u>	4,802,485)	\$ <u> </u>	8,064,062
_	<u>5.71</u> %	_	2.87%		4.37%		3.79%		<u>3.96</u> %	_	4.30%



ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Real Property									
Fiscal Year		Residential Commercial Property Property		Other Property		 Personal Property	Less: Tax-exempt Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Total Direct Tax Rate ^b	
2014	\$	1,939,442,258	\$	326,416,869	\$	160,006,062	\$ 756,979,553	\$ 562,460,407	\$ 2,620,384,335	0.52550
2013		1,879,892,787		322,909,587		160,476,052	786,826,109	543,494,869	2,606,609,666	0.52100
2012		1,870,309,898		320,511,097		183,256,847	787,910,929	533,973,402	2,628,015,369	0.52100
2011		2,247,814,549		297,751,850		178,431,287	831,673,239	1,032,264,582	2,523,406,343	0.52100
2010		2,249,362,263		303,301,177		163,604,639	820,518,502	1,045,330,326	2,491,456,255	0.51100
2009		2,232,603,525		283,002,240		228,978,240	841,834,367	1,074,449,922	2,511,968,450	0.51100
2008		1,723,071,501		265,377,630		228,694,889	848,315,401	747,638,129	2,317,821,292	0.51100
2007		1,395,786,128		260,328,245		207,374,790	679,767,934	388,205,416	2,155,051,681	0.51100
2006		1,160,792,285		248,234,940		178,337,850	603,050,996	378,558,900	1,811,857,171	0.51100
2005		1,478,625,749		237,724,220		149,932,552	573,346,687	624,233,143	1,815,396,065	0.51876

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

Notes:

a - Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

b - Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
	2014	2013	2012	2011
Country dispose makes				
County direct rates General	0.45759	0.46629	0.46296	0.46296
Debt Service	0.45739	0.46629	0.46296	0.46296
	0.04301	0.03241	0.03374	0.05574
Permanent Improvement Fund	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge	0.02220	0.02220	0.02220	0.02220
Flood control	0.02230	0.02230	0.02230	0.02230
Total direct rate	0.52550	0.52100	0.52100	0.52100
Cities	0.20720	0.20212	0.20212	0.20424
City of Elkhart	0.29720	0.30212	0.30212	0.30424
City of Frankston	0.37389	0.36525	0.36525	0.36440
City of Palestine	0.64889	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900
Schools				
Athens ISD	1.96470	1.18647	1.18647	1.18647
Cayuga ISD	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
Elkhart ISD	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000	1.36000
Frankston ISD	1.53000	1.47000	1.47000	1.04000
La Poynor ISD	1.12000	1.12000	1.12000	1.08200
Neches ISD	1.32840	1.36410	1.36410	1.36410
Palestine ISD	1.56600	1.56600	1.56600	1.56600
Slocum ISD	1.18800	1.04000	1.04000	0.97800
Westwood ISD	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000	1.17000
Colleges				
TVCC - Frankston	0.10360	0.08900	0.08900	0.08150
TVCC - Lapoynor	0.10360	0.08900	0.08900	0.08150
TVCC - Palestine	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	0.05000

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Anderson County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Anderson County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries.

Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year											
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005						
0.43712	0.42447	0.43542	0.42768	0.32953	0.33683						
0.04933	0.04966	0.05103	0.05210	0.05633	0.05880						
-	0.01232	-	0.00667	0.00787	0.00787						
-	-	-	-	0.09272	0.09272						
0.02455	0.02455	0.02455	0.02455	0.02455	0.02254						
0.51100	0.51100	0.51100	0.51100	0.51100	0.51876						
0.30430	0.29540	0.29540	0.30420	0.29630	0.28530						
0.37470	0.37480	0.35780	0.35780	0.36720	0.41000						
0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.63900	0.62000	0.62000						
1.18647	1.18647	1.15338	-	-	-						
1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.37000	1.50000						
1.36000	1.36000	1.17000	1.17000	1.37000	1.50000						
1.04000	1.13870	1.12400	1.09600	1.38800	1.52850						
1.08200	1.08200	1.08200									
1.32000	1.32000	1.31000	1.31800	1.37000	1.50000						
1.54900	1.54900	1.29070	1.28038	1.48550	1.61760						
0.95800	0.93800	0.93800	0.93800	1.18000	1.28720						
1.17000	1.04000	1.04000	1.00500	1.22500	1.33700						
0.07750	0.07440	0.06800	0.06800	0.06400	0.06400						
0.07750	0.07440	0.06800	0.06800	0.06400	0.06400						
0.05000	0.04730	0.04400	0.04400	0.05000	0.05000						

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

Property Tax Year 2014 2005 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Taxpayer Value Rank Value Value Rank Value Wal-Mart Stores # Div Store 108,963,276 1 4.16% \$ 140,380,160 1 7.73% 2 Energy Transfer Fuel LP 68,306,150 2.61% - % Enbridge Pipelines (East TX) 38,167,034 3 1.46% - % Oncor Electric Delivery Co. LLC 33,249,467 4 1.27% 4 31,423,990 1.73% 5 Union Pacific Railroad Co. 31,233,560 1.19% 15,223,540 11 0.84% JLA Resources Company 30,233,009 6 1.15% 19,274,460 10 1.06% 7 United Telephone Co. of Texas 23,745,753 0.91% 54,360,580 2 2.99% Pinnacle Gas Treating Inc. 21,047,162 8 0.80%- % 9 9 North Arkansas Wholesale Co. Inc. 22,132,980 1.22% 18,966,562 0.72% Atmos Energy/Mid-Tex Pipeline 25,803,768 10 0.98% 22,202,300 8 1.22% 399,715,741 15.25% 304,998,010 16.80% Total \$ 2,620,384,335 100.00% \$ 1,815,396,065 100.00%Total taxable assessed value

Source: Anderson County Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Collected within the

			Fiscal Year of	of the Levy	Total Collections to Date					
Fiscal Year	·		Amount	Percentage of Levy		sequent ections		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2014	\$	13,695,822	\$ 12,957,585	94.61%	\$	-	\$	12,957,585	94.61	1%
2013		13,695,340	12,979,649	94.77%	1	88,772		13,168,421	96.15	5%
2012		12,964,594	12,714,070	98.07%		24,586		12,738,656	98.26	5%
2011		12,892,333	12,324,398	95.59%	4	19,494		12,743,892	98.85	5%
2010		12,423,897	12,024,885	96.79%	2	45,893		12,270,778	98.77	7%
2009		12,611,695	12,051,772	95.56%	2	04,942		12,256,714	97.19	€9%
2008		11,841,494	11,262,048	95.11%	2	213,632		11,475,680	96.91	1%
2007		10,883,369	10,350,847	95.11%	2	285,115		10,635,962	97.73	3%
2006		10,061,464	9,557,104	94.99%	2	258,091		9,815,195	97.55	5%
2005		8,624,145	8,155,509	94.57%	2	45,991		8,401,500	97.42	2%

Source: Anderson County Tax Assessor/Collector

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ^a		Obligation Certificates Bonds ^a of Obligation		 Capital Leases		Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ^b	Per Capita ^b	
2014	\$	9,001,682	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,001,682	NA	\$	156
2013		9,877,425		-	-		9,877,425	0.56%		170
2012		9,928,507		215,000	21,994		10,165,501	0.60%		175
2011		7,563,678		3,155,000	43,010		10,761,688	0.68%		185
2010		7,895,000		3,355,000	-		11,250,000	0.75%		192
2009		8,340,000		3,545,000	-		11,885,000	0.79%		209
2008		8,765,000		3,730,000	-		12,495,000	0.84%		220
2007		9,180,000		3,905,000	-		13,085,000	0.94%		231
2006		9,580,000	4	4,075,000	-		13,655,000	1.08%		242
2005		9,950,000	4	4,235,000	-		14,185,000	1.19%		253

Source: Anderson County financial records

Notes: a - Presented net of original issue premiums.

b - See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

c - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING $^{\mathrm{a}}$ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds ^d		tificates bligation	Total	Av	Less: Amounts vailable for ebt Service	N	Net General Bonded Debt	Actua Pr	entage of al Taxable operty Value ^b	Per apita ^c
2014	\$ 9,001,682	\$	-	\$ 9,001,682	\$	335,952	\$	8,665,730		0.33%	\$ 150
2013	9,877,425		-	9,877,425		217,210		9,660,215		0.37%	167
2012	9,928,507	,	215,000	10,143,507		518,926		9,624,581		0.37%	165
2011	7,435,000	3,	155,000	10,590,000		704,685		9,885,315		0.38%	170
2010	7,895,000	3,	355,000	11,250,000		544,907		10,705,093		0.42%	183
2009	8,340,000	3,	545,000	11,885,000		666,221		11,218,779		0.45%	197
2008	8,765,000	3,	730,000	12,495,000		718,850		11,776,150		0.47%	208
2007	9,366,871	3,	905,000	13,271,871		855,614		12,416,257		0.54%	219
2006	9,580,000	4,0	075,000	13,655,000		100,579		13,554,421		0.63%	240
2005	9,950,000	4,	235,000	14,185,000		720,941		13,464,059		0.74%	240

Source: Anderson County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- b See Table 5 for property value data.
- c See Table 13 for population data.
- d Presented net of original issue premiums.



DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

(Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Estimate Percentage Overlapping Anderson County	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
County-wide					
Anderson County	\$ 9,001,682	100.00%	\$ 9,001,682		
Total direct debt				\$ 9,0	001,682
Cities					
City Of Elkhart	660,000	100.00%	660,000		
City Of Frankston	-	100.00%	-		
City Of Palestine	15,012,000	100.00%	15,012,000		
Total Cities			15,672,000		
School District (% of assessed value)					
Part of Athens ISD	20,457,543	0.33%	67,510		
Cayuga ISD	-	100.00%	-		
Elkhart ISD	15,240,000	96.78%	14,749,272		
Frankston ISD	16,561,275	67.71%	11,213,639		
Part of La Poynor ISD	-	21.34%	-		
Neches ISD	4,745,000	100.00%	4,745,000		
Palestine ISD	66,920,000	100.00%	66,920,000		
Slocum ISD	3,290,000	100.00%	3,290,000		
Westwood ISD		100.00%			
Total School Districts			100,985,421		
Colleges					
TVCC - Frankston	-	8.42%	-		
TVCC - Lapoynor	-	2.73%	-		
TVCC - Palestine	-	44.50%	<u> </u>		
Total indirect debt				116,6	557,421
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 125,6	559,103

Source: http://www.mactexas.com

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and

dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year								
		2014		2013		2012		2011		
Assessed value of real property	\$	2,620,384,335	\$	2,606,609,666	\$	2,628,015,369	\$	2,558,035,425		
Debt limit rate	_	5%	_	5%	_	<u>5</u> %	_	<u>5</u> %		
Debt limit	_	131,019,217	_	130,330,483	_	131,400,768	_	127,901,771		
Debt applicable to limit:										
Total bonded debt		9,001,682		9,877,425		10,143,507		10,590,000		
Less: amount set aside for repayment		335,952		217,210		518,926		704,685		
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	8,665,730	_	9,660,215	_	9,624,581	_	9,885,315		
Legal debt margin	\$ <u></u>	122,353,487	\$ <u></u>	120,670,268	\$	121,776,187	\$ <u></u>	117,311,771		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		6.61%		7.41%		7.32%		7.73%		

Source: Anderson County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

Fiscal Year

	2010		2009		2008		2007	2006			2005
\$	2,524,008,207 <u>5</u> %	\$	2,491,727,536 5%	\$_	2,511,676,692 5%	\$	2,322,401,884 <u>5</u> %	\$_	2,155,051,681 <u>5</u> %	\$_	1,811,857,171 <u>5</u> %
_	126,200,410	_	124,586,377	_	125,583,835	_	116,120,094	_	107,752,584	_	90,592,859
-	11,250,000 544,907 10,705,093	_	11,885,000 666,221 11,218,779	-	12,495,000 718,850 11,776,150	-	13,271,871 855,614 12,416,257	-	13,271,871 100,579 13,171,292	_	13,655,000 720,941 12,934,059
\$_	115,495,317	\$_	113,367,598	\$_	113,807,685	\$_	103,703,837	\$ <u></u>	94,581,292	\$	77,658,800
	8.48%		9.00%		9.38%		10.69%		12.22%		14.28%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

(Unaudited)

			County			State	United
Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	States Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2014	57,627	NA	NA	8,305	4.8%	\$ 45,426	\$ 44,765
2013	57,938	1,757,310	30,200	8,192	5.8%	43,552	44,543
2012	58,190	1,688,944	28,966	8,339	7.7%	41,471	42,693
2011	58,308	1,576,696	27,041	8,464	8.9%	39,493	41,560
2010	58,458	1,502,709	26,229	8,473	9.5%	37,706	39,791
2009	57,001	1,497,051	26,264	8,509	8.6%	38,546	38,637
2008	56,709	1,491,400	26,299	8,464	5.7%	37,774	40,947
2007	56,754	1,385,819	24,418	8,595	5.1%	37,187	39,506
2006	56,381	1,261,739	22,379	8,552	5.9%	35,058	36,629
2005	56,031	1,196,385	21,352	8,409	6.3%	33,160	34,685

Sources:

- a Texas Workforce Commission, U. S Census Bureau, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2	014	2005*			
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment		
Texas Department of Criminal Justice	State Prison	3,104	15.17%	NA	NA		
Palestine Regional Medical Center	Medical Facility	560	2.74%	NA	NA		
Palestine Regional Rehabilitation	Medical Facility	540	2.64%	NA	NA		
Walmart Distribution Center #6036	Wholesaler/Retailer	530	2.59%	NA	NA		
Palestine ISD	Education	450	2.20%	NA	NA		
Walmart Supercenter #0345	Wholesaler/Retailer	405	1.98%	NA	NA		
Westwood ISD	Public School District	248	1.21%	NA	NA		
Capgemini	Service Support	245	1.20%	NA	NA		
Cartmell Home for the Aged	Nursing Home	226	1.10%	NA	NA		
Anderson County	Government/County	220	1.08%	NA	NA		
Union Pacific Railroad	Railroad	150	0.73%	NA	NA		
City of Palestine	Government/City	187	0.91%	NA	NA		
Total		6,865	33.55%	NA	NA		

Sources: Chamber of Commerce

Texas Workforce Commission

^{*} The requirement for this schedule is for the current year and nine years ago. Only the current year data is available at this time.



FULLTIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year												
Function/Program	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005			
~ .													
General government	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_			
Elected/appointed officials	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5			
Other	21	20	21	21	20	19	19	19	19	19			
Building maintenance	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3			
Information technology	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	-	-			
Emergency management	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Judicial													
Judges/justices of the peace	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Assistant prosecutors	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Investigators	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Other	35	36	34	34	34	35	35	33	32	32			
Public safety													
County sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Constables	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Patrol/CID	31	32	32	32	32	32	30	29	30	25			
Jailers	39	39	39	39	39	39	34	34	29	26			
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Communications	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7			
Health and welfare	4	4	4	4	5	7	7	7	7	5			
Roads and highways													
County commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4			
Road employees	44	43	40	40	40	40	41	41	41	41			
Total	225	224	220	220	218	220	214	211	205	194			

Source: Anderson County Financials

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year											
Function/Program	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010							
General government												
Auditor's office												
AP and payroll checks processed	6,602	6,760	6,170	7,655	8,534							
Purchase orders Issued	4,674	3,749	3,739	3,382	3,642							
Treasurer's office												
Cash receipts issued	2,055	2,080	1,949	1,866	1,846							
County clerk												
Marriage licenses issued	420	191	379	433	412							
Declarations of informal marriage	14	2	9	16	3							
Birth certificates issued	2,314	1,050	2,530	2,900	2,767							
Death certificates issued	549	221	976	1,509	2,380							
Tax office												
Title transactions	10,917	12,099	12,298	10,953	9,878							
Registration transactions	50,685	51,131	69,686	50,953	49,920							
Tax certificates issued	1,645	1,407	1,583	1,313	1,354							
Liquor receipts issued	41	34	20	41	44							
Elections administration												
Number of registered voters	26,938	26,204	26,494	22,026	22,026							
Number that voted	10,227	N/A	16,168	N/A	10,968							
Voted percentage	37.96%	N/A	61.03%	N/A	40.97%							
Judicial												
District court												
Criminal cases disposed	1,421	472	472	391	657							
Civil cases disposed	562	454	536	489	852							
Total cases	263	1,194	1,307	1,179	1,509							
County court												
Criminal cases disposed	1,469	828	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Civil cases disposed	192	19	N/A	N/A	604							
Juvenile cases disposed	47	24	N/A	N/A	22							
Justices of the peace												
Cases filed	7,658	8,479	8,171	5,578	5,171							
Cases disposed	8,273	8,143	6,731	5,717	5,565							
Inquests	N/A	71	N/A	112	130							

Source: Various County Departments

Fiscal Year											
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005							
9,242	9,619	10,102	10,476	N/A							
3,443	3,350	3,647	3,470	N/A							
1,959	2,060	1,951	1,057	N/A							
369	424	444	402	433							
7	10	7	3	7							
2,774	2,935	3,286	3,233	1,733							
237	2,790	2,932	449	256							
9,485	10,593	10,702	11,037	11,096							
49,684	50,002	48,285	47,608	46,226							
1,497	1,787	2,416	-	-							
87	72	71	-	-							
20,916	19,888	18,160	26,008	28,544							
N/A	16,655	N/A	10,641	N/A							
N/A	60.29%	N/A	38.39%	N/A							
600	625	769	912	838							
737	831	833	813	806							
1,337	1,456	1,602	1,725	1,644							
1,421	1,626	1,227	1,396	1,456							
870	844	990	1,161	1,103							
39	21	26	37	38							
7,477	7,918	8,359	9,882	9,965							
6,730			9,882 8,328	9,963 8,624							
0,730	7,411 101	7,756 108	8,328 121	8,62 4 119							
110	101	108	121	119							

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010						
Public safety											
County jail											
Annual food cost	317,488	276,608	251,960	278,401	258,695						
Law enforcement											
Offense reports	1,292	1,281	1,388	1,307	1,093						
New cases	824	882	875	965	844						
Cases cleared	399	456	496	416	317						
Warrants received	N/A	N/A	1,668	2,112	1,786						
Warrants executed	N/A	N/A	531	1,814	2,152						
Reserve hours	1,150	1,282	1,566	2,101	2,710						
Communications											
Calls for service	14,565	14,867	15,561	15,706	14,521						
911 calls	26,197	39,578	27,338	24,556	21,705						
Total calls to communication	819,929	400,668	390,207	292,194	235,109						
Fleet operations											
Miles driven	719,175	837,275	741,580	791,445	744,166						
Average fleet MPG	17	17	17	18	18						
Traffic stops	1,413	1,544	1,486	1,892	620						
Citations issued	226	341	205	227	285						
Civil process											
Papers served	2,677	2,628	2,623	2,599	2,881						
Writs completed	229	422	431	379	274						
Health and welfare											
Number of pauper burial/cremation	2	2	2	3	3						

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Fiscal Year											
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005							
280,126	263,217	229,383	179,417	137,990							
1,346	1,370	1,862	1,535	1,896							
927	779	N/A	N/A	N/A							
357	280	278	2,187	324							
2,353	2,511	2,487	2,846	2,160							
2,117	2,237	2,148	2,526	2,184							
2,899	3,144	2,257	8,474	2,820							
13,688	9,967	9,929	10,331	10,128							
21,663	17,501	19,452	17,016	11,367							
297,221	250,204	293,112	N/A	N/A							
727,473	741,280	718,526	704,142	661,812							
18	18	17	17	17							
1,001	636	N/A	N/A	N/A							
442	211	N/A	N/A	N/A							
2,627	2,918	2,778	3,007	4,020							
309	260	249	1,243	864							
2	2	3	2	2							

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year																	
Function/Program		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	2008		2007	2006		2005
General government Land Construction in progress	\$	1,810,032 10,400	\$	1,733,515 177,400	\$	1,736,715	\$	1,736,715 843,262	\$	1,736,715 825,551	\$	1,736,715 \$ 770,130	1,736,7 1,427,5		1,736,715 \$ 528,299	1,765,445 6,191,028	\$	1,820,135 381,776
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and equipment		24,290,548 2,799,848		24,026,479 2,836,803		23,951,751 2,774,253		23,616,750 1,816,519		23,352,566 1,649,375		22,973,228 1,851,924	22,232,2 3,395,4	71	22,168,311 1,378,922	11,398,807 1,741,791		11,395,932 694,258
Total general government	_	28,910,828	_	28,774,197	_	28,462,719	_	28,013,246		27,564,207	_	27,331,997	28,791,9	94	25,812,247	21,097,071		14,292,101
Judicial		319,796		315,786		262,170		103,359		97,102		86,167	99,4	56	153,212	200,810		551,477
Public safety		3,449,645		2,651,929		2,678,613		3,126,525		2,840,441		2,827,077	1,207,4	99	1,838,565	2,331,144		1,112,257
Social services		53,737		53,737		51,307		15,830		14,609		12,957	10,2	45	51,075	69,495		1,376,841
Roads and bridges	_	54,409,155	_	54,130,710	_	53,421,601	_	52,882,986	_	51,796,826	_	50,787,909	49,721,9	37	48,594,175	2,178,361	_	2,071,366
Total capital assets	\$_	87,143,161	\$_	85,926,359	\$_	84,876,410	\$_	84,141,946	\$_	82,313,185	\$_	81,046,107 \$	79,831,1	<u>31</u> \$	76,449,274 \$	25,876,881	\$	19,404,042

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Anderson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County, Texas ("the County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas June 26, 2015